

DANGER



It is not possible to screen all high voltages, so care should be taken not to touch high voltage tags. Also where possible the instrument should be unplugged AND switched off during servicing. A BLEEDER PATH FOR THE EHT IS NOT PROVIDED, so after switching off and before touching any internal parts, the EHT should be discharged by temporarily shorting the appropriate points to chassis, (for instance the CRT cathode pin and PDA connector where applicable).



FOR SERVICING AND SPARES ENQUIRIES
SEE THE INFORMATION AT START OF SECTION 5.

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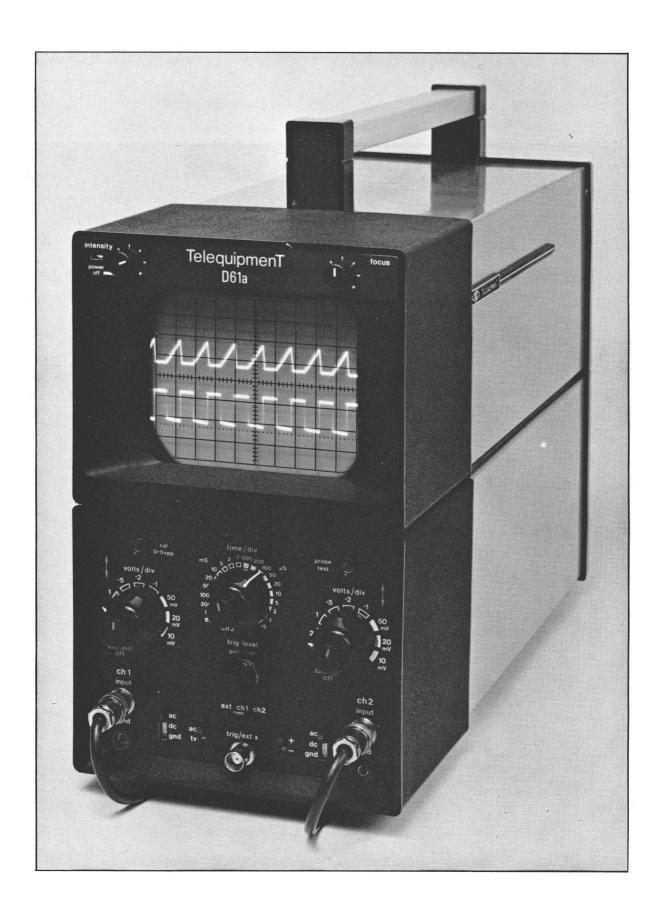
TELEQUIPT LONDON N14

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Telephone: (503) 644-0161 Telex: 36 0485 Cables: TEKTRONIX OSCILLOSCOPE TYPE D61A

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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INTRODUCTION

The D61A is a 10 MHz solid state dual trace oscilloscope using FET input circuitry for minimum drift and fast stabilization time. A CRT with 8 cm \times 10 cm face provides a bright and clear display. The dual trace vertical amplifiers provide the facility for each channel to be displayed separately, alternately or chopped between channels. Channel 2 can be switched to become the horizontal amplifier to provide an X-Y display.

The design of this instrument is subject to continuous development and improvement, consequently this instrument may incorporate minor changes in detail from the information contained herein. These changes which usually affect the Component Lists and Circuit Diagrams are described on Amendment Lists issued at regular intervals and are located in the pocket inside the back cover.

In addition to the standard instrument, variations known as Options are available and are listed in Section 7 of this manual.

NOTICE TO OWNER

To obviate the risk of damage during transit and to facilitate packaging the owner is requested NOT to send the following items unless they are suspect, should this instrument be returned to TEKTRONIX for servicing.

Manual

Probes

Plug Assemblies

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7 OPTIONS

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ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE AS EXTRAS

The following accessories are available to enable customers to extend the use of their D61A.

Probe type TP1 (X1 attenuator) 1.5 m cable 9ft cable Probe type TP2 (X10 attenuator) 1.5 m cable 6ft cable 3 m cable	Part Number (for ordering)				
Front protection cover	01-0617-00				
Probe type TP1 (X1 attenuator)					
1.5 m cable	010-0291-00				
9ft cable	010-0291-02				
Probe type TP2 (X10 attenuator)					
1.5 m cable	010-0292-00				
6ft cable	010-0292-02				
3 m cable	010-0292-03				
Probe type TP5 (X1 - X10 attenuator)	010-0295-00				

SECTION 1

SPECIFICATION

1.1 CATHODE RAY TUBE (CRT)

Display area 8 x 10 cm

Phosphor

Standard P31 Special order P7

Overall accelerating potential 3.5 kV

1.2 VERTICAL AMPLIFIERS

Operating Modes Channel 1

Channel 2

Channels 1 & 2

Alternate (at time/div speeds between 1 ms and 0.5 $\mu s)$ Chop (100 kHz approx. at time/div between 500 ms and 2 ms

and on EXT X)

X - Y

Bandwidth (-3 db)

DC coupled $DC-10\ MHz$

AC coupled 2 Hz - 10 MHz

Risetime ≤35 ns

Max. amplitude 8 div at low frequency decreasing to 5 div at 10 MHz.

X - Y Vertical CH1 with CH2 input selected via TIME/DIV switch as

horizontal amplifier

Bandwidth (-3 db) DC - 1 MHz

Deflection factors

Calibrated (9 ranges 1, 2 & 5 sequence) 10 mV/div -5 V/div $\pm 5\%$

Input impedance 1 M Ω and 35 pF in parallel

Maximum input 400 V peak

1.3 HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION

Sweep rates (19 ranges 1, 2 & 5 sequence)

X1 500 ms $- 0.5 \mu s/div \pm 5\%$

X5 100 ms - 200 ns $\pm 7\%$

100 ns/div ±10%

External horizontal amplifier

Bandwidth -3 db 2 Hz -1 MHz

Deflection factor 200 mV/div approximately

Input impedance 1 M Ω and 15 pF in parallel

1.4 TRIGGER

Level Variable or

Variable limited with auto free running in absence of trigger signal

Coupling AC of

TV field for sweep ranges up to 100 μ s/div and

TV line from 50 μ s/div to 0.5 μ s/div

Source CH1, CH2 or external. All positive or negative

Sensitivity

Internal

40 Hz - 1 MHz 0.5 div minimum amplitude required becoming 1 div at 10 MHz

External

External, trig level only.

40 Hz - 1 MHz 1 MHz - 10 MHz

100 mV minimum amplitude required1 V minimum amplitude required

1.5 OUTPUTS FRONT PANEL

Calibrator peak to peak 500 mV squarewave ±2% at supply frequency.

Probe test 2.5 V approximately rectangular pulse at sweep repetition rate and

sweep width.

1.6 POWER SUPPLY

Supply Voltages The instrument will operate at any selected one of the following voltages

107 V ±10% 117 V ±10% 214 V ±10% 234 V ±10%

Supply frequency 48 - 440 Hz

Consumption 25 VA

1.7 SIZE

1/2

 Height
 280 mm

 Width
 160 mm

 Depth
 420 mm

1.8 WEIGHT 8 kgs

1.9 COOLING Convection

1.10 TEMPERATURE LIMITS, ambient

Operating $-15 \text{ to } +40^{\circ} \text{ C}$

Non-operating $-25 \text{ to } +70^{\circ} \text{ C}$

SECTION 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 PRE OPERATIONAL CHECK

2.1.1 **GENERAL**

Although this instrument is robust and is subjected to stringent checks before leaving our factory, it should be checked externally for possible damage. In the case of damage contact the carriers and your local Tektronix field office immediately.

Before switching the instrument on it is generally recommended that this section of the manual is read right through and that some time be spent in becoming familiar with the controls but experienced oscilloscope users might find the instructions in paragraph 2.4 rather laborious so it is left to the individual user to decide what to omit reading.

The D61A relies on convection cooling and care should be taken to see that external air circulation is not restricted.

2.1.2 SUPPLY VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

Before operating the instrument it is necessary to adjust for the available ac supply by means of the voltage selector plug, on the rear panel. Provision is made for selecting 107V, 117V, 214V and 234V. The plug should be set to the nearest voltage to the available supply which should be within 10% of the tapping selected. The selector is set by pulling out the plug and rotating until the selected voltage is opposite the indicator mark. The plug should then be pushed back into the socket.

SUPPLY FUSE 2.1.3

The fuse holder is situated on the printed circuit board inside the rear cover and if it is necessary to change the supply tapping then the fuse should be checked for correct rating. For operation on 107V or 117V a 500mA fuse should be fitted and on 214V or 234V the fuse should be 250mA. To gain access to the fuse holder it is necessary to remove the rear cover (see paragraph 4.2.1).

BEFORE REMOVING THE REAR COVER DIS-CONNECT THE INSTRUMENT FROM THE SUPPLY

2.1.4 SUPPLY CABLE (OR POWER CORD)

One of two types of supply cable will be fitted to the instrument. For the American continent a lead with a moulded three pin plug will be supplied. For the rest of the world the three core lead has short tails left for connecting to a plug top suitable for connection to the local supply system. The cores of this cable are colour coded as follows.

LINE Brown NEUTRAL Blue EARTH Green/Yellow

For safety reasons it is important that the earth wire is connected and if an extension lead is used it is essential that there is earth continuity.

2.2 **OPERATION OF CONTROLS**

2.2.1 C.R.T.

INTENSITY

Varies the display intensity. An instrument ON/OFF switch is

fitted to this control.

FOCUS

Controls the display definition.

TRACE ROTATION

This control is fitted on the rear of the instrument. It allows the trace to be aligned with the horizontal graticule lines.

2.2.2 **VERTICAL**

VOLTS/DIVISION

Provides attenuation of the input signal in 9 calibrated steps. In the X - Y mode, CH1 provides the vertical input and CH2 the horizontal input.

POSITION

Moves the respective trace in the Y or vertical axis. A channel ON/ OFF switch is fitted to this control.

AC/DC/GND

This selects the input coupling. In the AC position a capacitor is in series with the input, whilst in the DC position the signal is coupled directly to the attenuator. In the GND position the input is disconnected and the amplifier input is grounded. This allows a O V dc level to be established.

2.2.3 TRIG

(Pick off)

The slide switch is used to select channel 1, channel 2 or an external source to provide a triggering pulse (see 2.2.4 below).

2.2.4 HORIZONTAL

TIME DIVISION

Selects the sweep speed, there being 19 calibrated steps in the range 500 ms/division to 0.5 μ s/ division. Also EXT X or CH2 (X - Y) MODE can be selected. On EXT X and sweep speeds between 500 ms/division and 2 ms/division the display chops between channels at approximately 100 kHz/sec. On sweeps speeds between 1 ms/division and 0.5 µs/division the display alternates between channels.

X5

When the X5 switch is pulled out the sweep speeds are magnified by a factor of 5 and therefore the sweep range becomes 100 ms/division to 100 ns/division.

POSITION ←→

The X POSITION control uses the

same knob as the speed magnifier. When it is rotated is moves the trace is an X or horizontal axis.

AC/TV

Triggering is normally AC coupled but when TV is selected triggering is from a TV field at sweep speeds of 0.5 s/division to 0.1 ms/division and from a TV line at sweep speed of 50 μ s/division to 0.5 μ s/ division.

EXT-CH1-CH2

Enables the sweep to be triggered either externally or internally from either channel of vertical amplifier.

This switch allows triggering on a positive or negative slope of an input waveform. On the TV position + refers to a positive going picture signal and - to a negative going picture signal.

TRIG LEVEL

The level control selects the voltage level of the input waveform at which the sweep starts. With the knob pulled out the AUTO position is selected. In this position the range of level control is restricted to a total of 2.5 divisions. In the absence of an adequate trigger signal the sweep generator free runs providing a stable reference trace.

2.3 **INPUT AND OUTPUT SOCKETS**

INPUT CH2

These sockets connect the input signal to the respective vertical amplifiers.

TRIG/EXT X

The socket connects either a triggering or EXT X signal to the trigger or horizontal circuits, dependant on the TIME/DIV switch position.

Z MOD

Situated on the rear panel and connected via an isolating capacitor to the grid of the CRT. A positive going signal is necessary to intensify the trace with 10 V amplitude providing a good contrast. A negative going signal of similar amplitude will blank the

CAL

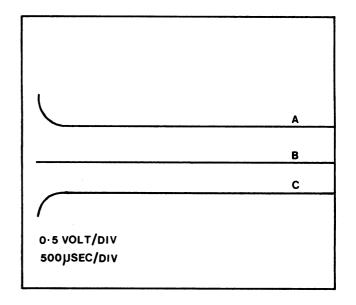
A squarewave of 500 mV amplitude at supply frequency is provided at this socket to allow for the checking of the calibration of the Vertical channels or for triggering the sweep at supply frequency.

PROBE TEST

Provides a rectangular pulse at & probe compensation timebase frequency to facilitate the setting up of probes. To set up the probe compensation operate as follows:-

- 1. Connect the probe to the input socket of the channel with which it is to be used and set the EXT-CH1-CH2 switch to the other channel.
- 2. The TRIG LEVEL control should be turned fully anticlockwise and pulled out to the AUTO position.
- 3. The TIME/DIVISION control should be set to 500 μ s/division.

- 4. The appropriate VOLTS/DIV-SION control should be set to 0.05 V/division.
- 5. The probe tip should be applied to the PROBE TEST socket and the probe trimmer adjusted so that the leading corner of the display is free from under or over shoot. The illustration below shows three conditions:
 - (a) over compensated;
 - correctly compensated; (b)
 - under compensated.



GND

This is connected to the chassis of the instrument.

2.4 FIRST TIME OPERATION

2.4.1 **SETTING THE CONTROLS**

Set the front panel controls as follows:-

INTENSITY	fully anti-clockwise - OFF
FOCUS	Central
CH1 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
CH2 AC-DC-GND	DC
CH1 Y POSITION	Central
CH2 Y POSITION	Fully anti-clockwise (should click off)
EXT/CH1/CH2	CH1
TIME/DIV	10 ms
POSITION	in and central
TRIG LEVEL	in and central
AC-TV	AC

Connect the CAL 0.5V socket (4mm) to input socket 1. For this operation a lead of 75 Ω Co-axial cable is required with a BNC plug at one end and a 4 mm plug at the other. It should be possible to construct such a lead using locally available parts but in case of difficulty contact your local TEKTRONIX field office.

2.4.2 SWITCH ON

- Switch on by turning the INTENSITY control clockwise.
- 2. Allow a short while for a trace to appear.
- Centralize the trace using the X and Y (CH1) POSITION controls.
- Adjust the INTENSITY control so that the trace is at a suitable viewing intensity.
- Adjust the FOCUS control for the sharpest obtainable trace.
- Adjust the CH1 Y POSITION control so that the lower edge of the trace is level with one of the three lower graticule lines.
- Observe that the overall waveform occupies 5 full vertical divisions of the graticule.
- 8. Switch CH1 VOLTS/DIV switch to 0.2 V
- Observe now that the trace will only occupy 2½ vertical division of the graticule.
- 10. Disconnect the input from CH1 INPUT leaving only a reference trace, which can be aligned with the graticule lines by using the TRACE ROTATION' control, which is the lever sticking out of the top of the instrument, under the rear handle end piece.
- 11. Connect the input plug to CH2 INPUT.
- 12. Set the EXT-CH1-CH2 switch to CH2.
- Switch on CH2 by rotating CH2 Y POSITION control clockwise until a click is heard. Further rotation will move the trace up the screen.
- Set the lower edge of the trace to a suitable reference line and observe that the trace occupies 5 full vertical divisions.
- 15. Turn the CH1 POSITION control fully anticlockwise to the OFF position and note that CH2 trace brightness increases. Leave CH1 off.
- 16. By now the user will be conversant with the operation of the Y or vertical controls so now they should turn to the sweep controls. By turning the TIME/DIV control anti-clockwise in steps as far as it will go, it should be noticed that the sweep speed decreases.
- Set the TIME/DIV knob to 1 ms and observe the number of cycles.
- Set the TIME/DIV knob to 10 ms and note that more cycles of the waveform should be seen.
- Pull out the X5 control and observe that the display should be double that in 17 above

2.5 USE OF ADDITIONAL FACILITIES

2.5.1 TRIGGER SOURCE

We have been using the control in the INT position but it is possible to trigger from an external signal by plugging the signal into the TRIG/EXT X socket. The EXT-CH1-CH2 switch should be set to EXT.

2.5.2 SLOPE (+ or -)

The + — switch allows triggering from a positive (+) going or negative (—) going portion of the trigger signal. This is important when it is only required to observe a portion of a waveform but where several cycles of a waveform are displayed the setting is often unimportant.

2.5.3 AC-TV

For the inspection or measurement of most waveforms the AC-TV control is used in the AC position. For the inspection of TV field or TV line waveforms the switch should be set to TV, and the +- switch to + for positive going picture signals or - for negative going picture signals. For TV field waveforms sweep ranges of 0.5 sec/div to 0.1 ms/div should be used. For TV line waveforms sweep ranges of 50 μ s/div to 0.5 μ s/div are required. In the TV position the Level control is inoperative but the Auto position still gives a trace in the absence of a TV signal of sufficient amplitude to trigger the oscilloscope.

2.5.4 TRIG LEVEL

There are two modes of LEVEL control operation. In the normal (control IN) position the triggering point can be varied over the whole of the waveform to a maximum of 8 divisions for a symmetrical waveform.

In the AUTO position (control OUT) level control is restricted to approximately 2½ divisions, and the timebase

free runs in the absence of a trigger signal.

2.6 BASIC APPLICATIONS

The following are typical applications of oscilloscope type D61A. Only outline procedures are given to allow the user to adapt the method to individual requirements. Familiarity with the controls of the instrument as outlined in 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4 should allow these basic techniques to be applied to a wide variety of uses.

2.6.1 USE AS A MONITOR OR DISPLAY

One of the most frequent uses of an oscilloscope is as a monitor or display. By correct adjustment of the X and Y controls it is possible to display many cycles or a fraction of one cycle of a repetitive waveform. Generally it is desirable to limit the display to the centre 6 divisions vertically and in the case of a repetitive waveform to display 1 to 8 cycles within the centre 8 divisions horizontally. It is possible to use the D61A instrument in this way to inspect a waveform for slope, over or undershoot and ringing. Where it is required to compare two waveforms, such as the waveforms entering and leaving a device, it is possible to feed the two waveforms to the two channels and display them either vertically one above the other, or superimposed.

2.6.2 PEAK TO PEAK VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

AC - Symmetrical waveform

- Connect the waveform to be measured to CH1 or CH2 INPUT.
- Set the appropriate VOLTS/DIV switch to display about 5 or 6 divisions of the waveform.
- 3. Set the AC-DC-GND switch to AC.
- Set the TIME/DIV switch to display several cycles of the waveform.
- Use the Y POSITION control to set the lower edge of the waveform on one of the lower graticule lines and so that the top edge of the waveform is in the graticule area.
- Measure the vertical amplitude (div) of the signal on the screen.
- Multiply the amplitude in 6 above by the VOLTS/ DIV setting and by the attenuation factor of any probe used.

EXAMPLE

Assume a vertical deflection of 5.3 division using a X10 attenuation probe and a VOLTS/DIV setting of 0.05 Volts per division.

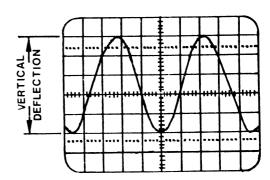
.. Peak to Peak Voltage =

Vertical X VOLTS/DIV X Attenuator factor deflection (Setting) X (probe)

for our example

Peak to Peak voltage = $5.3 \times 0.05 \times 10$

. Peak to Peak voltage = 2.65 Volts.



Measuring Peak to Peak Voltage of a Waveform

2.6.3 VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT BETWEEN TWO POINTS ON A WAVEFORM

Proceed as in 2.6.2 above substituting the two measurement points for the peaks and setting the lower point on one of the lower graticule lines.

2.6.4 INSTANTANEOUS VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT WITH REFERENCE TO GROUND

To make a measurement of the DC level at a specified point or a waveform use the following procedure.

- Set the AC/DC/GND switch of the selected channel to DC.
- Set the EXT/CH1/CH2 switch to the channel selected.
- Pull the TRIG LEVEL control out to the AUTO position.
- Connect the waveform to be measured to the INPUT of the selected channel.
- If the waveform is repetitive use the TIME/DIV and X POSITION (←→) controls to display at least one cycle.
- Switch the AC/DC/GND switch of the channel in use to GND.
- Set the trace to the lowest graticule line or other suitable reference line, using the Y POSITION control, if the point to be measured is positive. Set to highest or other suitable graticule line if the point to be measured is negative. AFTER THIS DO NOT ADJUST THE Y POSITION CONTROL.
- 8. Set AC/DC/GND switch to DC.
- Measure the distance in divisions from the reference line to the point to be measured.
- 10. Establish the polarity of the measured voltage. If the measurement point is above the reference line the voltage is positive. If the measurement point is under the reference line it is negative.
- Multiply the estimate in (9) above by the VOLTS/ DIV switch setting and any probe attenuation factor.

EXAMPLE

Assume that the veritcal distance measured is +2.7 divisions with a VOLTS/DIV setting of 200 mV and the probe attenuation factor is X1

∴ Instantaneous voltage

Vertical Polarity VOLTS/DIV Probe distance X X (Setting) X Attenuator (divisions)

For the values given

Instantaneous voltage = 2.7 x 1 x 0.2 x 1

: Instantaneous

Voltage = 0.54 Volts

2.6.5 INSTANTANEOUS VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT WITH REFERENCE TO A DC VOLTAGE

Proceed as in 2.6.4 but in step (6) set the switch to DC and feed in the reference voltage to the input. Step 8 will be to remove the reference voltage.

2.6.6 TIME DURATION MEASUREMENT

- Connect the waveform to be measured, to CH1 or CH2 INPUT.
- Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to display a suitable vertical amplitude of the waveform.
- Set the TIME/DIV and Level controls to display the appropriate portion of the waveform to be measured over the maximum number of horizontal graticule divisions possible, keeping well inside the graticule limits.
- Use the Y POSITION control to move the trace so that the measurement points are on the horizontal centre line.
- The X POSITION control is used to move the start of the measurement period to a convenient reference point.
- 6. Measure the distance (divs) between the measure-

- ment points.
- Multiply the measurement in 6 above by the setting of the TIME/DIV switch and if the X5 control is used to divide by 5. This gives the time duration

EXAMPLE

If the distance between the points is 2.5 divisions with the TIME/DIV control on 0.2 ms/div and the magnifier is not used.

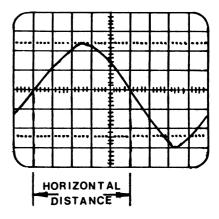
Time horizontal TIME/DIV duration = distance X setting (divisions)

∴Time

duration= 2.5 x 0.2 ms

∴Time

duration = 0.5 ms



Measuring the Time Duration between points on a Waveform

2.6.7 FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT

The time duration technique shown in 2.6.6 can be used to establish the frequency of a periodically recurrent waveform. The start of two adjacent cycles is taken as the measurement points and the time duration between these points established. The frequency is the reciprocal of the time duration.

EXAMPLE

If one cycle occupies 5 divisions with the time division control on 0.2 ms/div and the X5 magnifier is used.

for the example

Time duration =
$$\frac{5 \times 0.2 \text{ms}}{5}$$

$$= 0.2 \text{ ms}$$
Frequency =
$$\frac{1}{\text{Time duration}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.2 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= 5 \text{ kHz}$$

2.6.8 RISE TIME MEASUREMENTS

Rise time measurements employ the same basic techniques as time duration measurements. Rise time t is the time required by the leading edge of a waveform to rise from 10% to 90% of the waveform amplitude. The procedure is as follows:—

- Connect the waveform to either input
- 2. Set the AC/DC/GND switch of the channel being

used to the appropriate position.

- 3. Set the appropriate VOLTS/DIV switch to display 4 to 8 divisions amplitude
- 4. Centre the display about the centre horizontal line.
- 5. Set the trigger controls to obtain a stable display.
- Set the TIME/DIV switch so that the 10% and 90% points of the waveform lie within the centre 8 divisions horizontally.
- Determine the 10% point of the waveform and use the X and Y position controls to set this point to a convenient graticule point.
- Determine the 90% point and estimate the horizontal distance in graticule divisions between the 10% and 90% points of the waveform.
- Multiply the distance obtained in (8) by the setting
 of the time divisions switch. If the sweep magnifier
 is used divide the result by 5. If the result is close
 to the rise time of the instrument it is necessary
 to apply a correction factor (See below).

EXAMPLE

Assume that the horizontal distance between the 10% and 90% points is 5 divisions and the TIME/DIV switch is set to 100 ms and the sweep magnifier is used.

Rise time =

horizontal	×	TIME/DIV
distance		setting
(divs)		

sweep magnification

for the example

Rise time =
$$\frac{5 \times 100 \,\mu s}{5}$$

 \therefore Rise time = 100 μ s

2.6.9 CORRECTION FORMULA FOR FAST RISE TIME WAVEFORMS

When the rise time of the oscilloscope is of the same order as the rise time of the waveform being measured it is necessary to apply a correction formula as follows:—

EXAMPLE

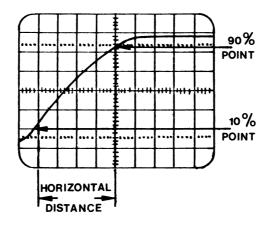
Assume the rise time found by the method given in 2.6.8 is 53.2 ns. The oscilloscope rise time is approximately 35 ns. Applying the formula

Actual rise time =
$$\sqrt{(53.2)^2 - (35)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{2830.24 - 1225}$
= $\sqrt{1605.24}$
 $\approx 40 \text{ ns}$

NOTE It should not be necessary to apply the correction to waveforms having a rise time greater than 150 ns. Also the quoted rise time is the maximum figure and the actual rise time could be considerably better than this. This would mean that a calculated rise time would be in error. If it is necessary to work to great accuracy it would be necessary to measure the bandwidth of the instrument and calculate the rise time as follows:—

Rise time =
$$\frac{0.350}{\text{Bandwidth (MHz)}}$$
 ns



Measuring Rise Time.

SECTION 3 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

3.0 ATTENUATOR AND VERTICAL INPUT AMPLIFIER Figures 1A & 1B.

CH1 and CH2 are identical and the following description covers both channels.

The input to the attenuator is connected via C901 to the input socket SK901 on AC, directly to the input socket on DC or to ground on GND. The capacity compensated attenuator is switched by \$902 wafer 1 in steps of 100, 10 and 1 and the output is fed to the gate of TR601 via C601 and R602 which, together with D601, protect the input against overloads up to +400 V. TR601 is a F.E.T. source follower whose output DC level is adjusted to zero by R604 and R608. The output is then attenuated in steps of 5, 2 and 1 selected by S902 wafer 2 F and fed to the base of TR603 which together with TR604 forms a longtailed pair. The diodes D602 and D603 in the emitters increase the signal handling capacity without affecting the change in gain which remains directly proportional to current and, therefore, to supply voltage. This compensates for the CRT sensitivity which is inversely proportional to supply voltage and hence the overall vertical sensitivity remains independent of supply voltage. Vertical shift is fed to the base of TR604. The gain of the channel is set up by R613 which controls the total stage emitter current. The collector currents of TR603 and TR604 pass through thermal compensating networks R611, C602 and R614, C603 and also through grounded base stage TR602 to the output stages. TR602 isolates the channel switching waveforms from the input

3.1 VERTICAL OUTPUT AMPLIFIER Figure 2

The collector currents of the selected channel pass through diodes D637 and D638 for Channel 1, or D642 and D643 for Channel 2, to the bases of shunt feedback stages TR633 and TR636. The output of TR633 and TR636 are fed to the bases of TR634 and TR635, a longtailed pair whose collectors feed the Y plates of the CRT. C641 and R671 in the emitter circuit are adjusted for the best pulse response and TH631 compensates for the temperature coefficient of the input stages. The appropriate channel is selected either manually by S631 and S632 which are ganged to the vertical shift controls, or automatically by the Chop/Alternate circuit TR631 and TR632. On EXT X and Time/Div speeds of 2 ms/div and slower, TR631 and TR632 operate as a free-running multivibrator at a frequency of approx. 100 kHz. When TR632 conducts D635 and D636 conduct and turn off D637 and D638 thus disconnecting Channel 1. Conversely when TR631 conducts D639 and D641 conduct and turn off D642 and D643 thus disconnecting Channel 2. C632 and C634 feed pulses to the unblanking amplifier to blank out the trace during the transitions. On Time/Div speeds above 2 ms/div, TR631 and TR632 operate as a bistable whose state is changed at the end of each time base sweep by an edge from the emitter of TR34. The network L631, C640, R640 in CH1 and L632, C649, R669 in CH2 delay the transitions until the trace is blanked. The vertical output amplifier current supplies the +13 V line which is decoupled by C645 and also the +7.5 V line which is stabilized by zener diode D644. The +7.5 V is used as a reference for the -7.5 V line which is a shunt stabilizer circuit consisting of TR637, R659, R666, R667 and R668. R658 compensates for variations in the -13 V line and reduces the effect of supply voltage variations on the -7.5 V line.

3.2 TRIGGER CIRCUIT Figures 3 & 4

This consists of a longtailed pair TR23 and TR25 similar to the Vertical Amplifier input stage but with temperature compensation in its emitter circuit. On the CH2 position the input is connected to CH2 and EXT X position via C20, C21 and R23 to the TRIG/EXT X socket. On all other positions of the Time/Div switch the input is connected to \$20 which selects either the EXT TRIG socket, CH1 or CH2 signal. The output from the appropriate collector, selected either by the Polarity switch S21 or the Time/Div switch S1, is connected via diode D27 or D31 to the emitter of common base stage TR26. The collector of TR26 is connected via D54, D33 and D34 to the input of the Horizontal Amplifier on CH2 and EXT X positions of the Time/Div switch S1. On other positions of the Time/Div switch the collector of TR26 is AC coupled via D32 to the base of TR21, a shunt feedback stage.

On the AC position of \$22 the output of TR21 is connected via diodes D58 and D59, which limit the voltage swing, to the input of the Schmitt trigger circuit TR22 and TR24. The Level control R21 allows the mean DC level of the output of TR21 to be varied so that any portion of the trigger signal can be set at the triggering level of the Schmitt. When the Level control is in the Auto position the range of the Level control is restricted by the addition of R20 in series with R22. This reduces the Level control range from more than 10 divisions to approximately 2.5 divisions. On the TV position of S22 the output of TR21 is connected via diode D57 to the sync separator TR38 which conducts only during the sync pulses and is cut off during the video signal. On Time/Div speeds of 100 µs and slower the output of TR23 is integrated by R129 and C63. This gives a waveform where the field pulses are of greater amplitude than the line pulses and are fed via TR25 to the input of the Schmitt trigger circuit. On Time/Div speeds of 50 μ s and faster C63 is disconnected from ground by cutting off diode D56. The line and field pulses are then of equal amplitude and are fed via TR39 to the input of the Schmitt trigger circuit. On TV diodes D58 and D59 are cut off and the Level control is disconnected by switching R22 to -13V. The Schmitt trigger circuit TR22 and TR24 provides a constand amplitude trigger signal at the collector of TR24 to the timebase and bright-line auto circuit.

TR30 provides a positive going gating pulse to the base of TR24 to inhibit the Schmitt trigger circuit during the timebase sweep. This prevents trigger pulses being produced during the sweep and breaking through into the Vertical Amplifier. To prevent the triggering pulses which are produced by the gating waveform being fed to the bright-line AUTO circuit a negative differentiated pulse is fed from the collector of TR30 to the anode of D43 cutting it off before the arrival of the positive trigger pulse. The trigger pulse is thus prevented from reaching the bright-line circuit, triggering it and interupting the free running of the timebase. The gating is removed on timebase speeds below 1 ms/div by removing the HT supply to TR30 by means of S1 – 2F.

3.3. TIMEBASE, UNBLANKING AND BRIGHT LINE AUTO CIRCUIT Figure 4

3.3.1 The differentiated positive pulse from the trigger circuit is fed via D36 to the base of TR27 which together with TR29 forms a bistable. The positive pulse turns on TR27 which in turn cuts off the clamping transistor TR34. The timebase, a F.E.T. Miller circuit, then runs up linearly charging up the hold-off capacitor via D47 and resetting the bistable via R114. When TR27 cuts off, TR34 con-

ducts and discharges the timing capacitor until D45 conducts and reduces the current in TR34 to the value required by the timing resistor. At this point the flyback stops. During the flyback the hold-off capacitor discharges through R114 until D48 conducts. At this point the action is complete and the timebase can be triggered by the next triggering pulse.

- 3.3.2 If the Trig level control is in the Auto position and no trigger pulses are present, TR34 and D49 conduct and reduce the potential at the anode of D48. This allows the hold-off capacitor to discharge further and re-trigger the bistable. The timebase then free-runs. If trigger pulses are present at the anode of D43 the positive pulses trigger the monostable TR32 and TR35. When triggered at frequencies above about 10 Hz the average collector current of TR35 is low and D49 is cut off returning the timebase to the normal triggered condition.
- 3.3.3 The collector current of TR29 which is cut off during the sweep is fed to the input of TR28. The collector of TR28 goes negative at the beginning of the sweep until diode D38 conducts and clamps the collector potential at about 3 V, thus unblanking the sweep. When TR29 conducts at the end of the sweep TR28 collector goes positive blanking the trace. On chop positions of the sweep negative edges from the chop circuit are fed to the base of TR28 to blank the trace during the transitions.

3.4 HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER Figure 3

This consists of a shunt feedback stage TR31 with switched feedback resistors to give X5 expansion. The sweep and horizontal shift currents are mixed at the input of the shunt feedback stage and the output is fed to a longtailed pair, TR33 and TR37, which feeds the horizontal deflection plates of the CRT. D44 clamps the collector of TR33 and prevents it from bottoming.

On the EXT X and CH2 positions of the Time/Div switch the input of TR31 is switched to the collector of TR26 via D33, D34 and D54 and the X5 feedback resistor is shorted out by diodes D33, D34, D35 and D37. The trace is then deflected horizontally via the EXT X socket or from Channel 2. On these positions the gate of TR36

is connected to the cathode of D47 which clamps the output of the timebase at about +1 V and turns off TR29 thus unblanking the trace.

3.5 CRT CIRCUIT AND POWER SUPPLY Figure 5

The supply voltage is fed via the power ON/OFF switch S401, the fuse FS401 and the voltage selector SK401 to the appropriate primary tapping on T401.

- 3.5.1 The -13 V line is obtained from a full wave rectifier circuit consisting of D405, D406, C402 and R403.
- 3.5.2 The +117 V line is obtained from a bridge rectifier D401, D402, D403 and D404 with reservoir capacitor C403 and smoothed by R406 and C408 to provide the +110 V line and by R407 and C406 to provide the +80 V line.
- 3.5.3 The -1050 V line is obtained from a half wave rectifier circuit consisting of D407, D409, C411 and C412.
- 3.5.4 The +2500 V line is obtained from a voltage doubler circuit consisting of D408, D409, C401 and C404.
- 3.5.5 The calibrator circuit provides a 0.5 V squarewave at supply frequency. It is produced by a diode switching circuit in which a current derived from the stabilized -7.5 V line is passed through D413 and R408 during negative half cycles of the AC voltage from the 13 V transformer winding. On positive half cycles D413 is cut off and the current passes through D412 and R402. The output voltage is set by R405. The temperature coefficient of the diode D413 is compensated for by the negative coefficient of the output resistor R408 giving an output voltage which is nominally independent of temperature.
- 3.5.6 The grid voltage of the CRT is derived from a zener diode connected between the CRT cathode and the -1050 V supply. The voltage is varied by the intensity control R301. The intensity of the trace may be varied by signals fed via the Z Mod socket SK301 and C301 to the grid of the CRT.

3/2

SECTION 4

MAINTENANCE AND RE-CALIBRATION

Care must be taken not to touch high voltage tags. The instrument MUST BE UNPLUGGED when removing the case, removing or replacing the tube, or other components and where possible during other servicing.

4.1 INTRODUCTION

4.1.1 **GENERAL**

The solid state design of the instrument makes frequent adjustment of the internal preset components unnecessary. The appropriate part of the re-calibration procedure should be carried out, whenever the instrument fails to meet its specification, or whenever a defective component is replaced. Section 3 should be helpful in deciding which part of the circuit requires adjustment.

4.1.2 CALIBRATOR

The internal 0.5 V calibration signal allows the accuracy of the vertical amplifier system to be checked. The calibration signal which is at supply frequency can also be used to check the sweep speed to the accuracy of the supply frequency.

4.1.3 **TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT**

To carry out the whole calibration procedure, the following tools and equipment are required:-

Low-capacitance trimming tool (for preset capacitors).

Small screwdriver (for preset potentiometers).

Amplitude Calibrator, providing 1 kHz squarewave, amplitude 50 mV, amplitude accuracy within 0.25%.

Time-mark Generator, providing markers of 1 ms, 1 μ s and preferably, 0.5 μ s. Accuracy within 0.1%.

Squarewave Generator, providing outputs of 1 kHz and 10 kHz, 50 mV to 50 V.

Squarewave Generator, providing outputs of 10 kHz, 100 kHz and 1 MHz with rise-time less than 10 ns.

Coaxial cable and terminating resistor for the above.

Monitor Oscilloscope, complete with X10 passive probe, and having a sweep output socket.

Passive Probe, X10 attenuation, suitable for input capacities of 25 to 35 pF.

Test Meter, 20,000 $\Omega/{
m volt}$ or higher, accuracy within 2% 2.5 V DC to 2500 V DC.

Composite TV video signal source.

Sinewave Generator, 1 kHz, 10 kHz and 50 kHz.

Co-axial leads allowing the same signal to be connected to Channel 1, Channel 2 and the EXT socket.

4.2 MECHANICAL

4.2.1 **ACCESS TO INTERIOR**

NOTE: UNPLUG INSTRUMENT FROM SUPPLY BEFORE REMOVING COVERS

The cabinet covers are removed as follows:--

- The back cover is removed by undoing and removing the three fixing screws and pulling the cover off.
- The lower side panels can then be slid backwards out of position.

To re-fit the covers it is necessary to slide the lower covers into position taking care that the slot on the lower edge engages with the raised portion of the lower panel bezel, and that the lug at the top is engaged. The rear cover should be slid into position and the three screws inserted.

CRT REMOVAL 4.2.2

- Disconnect the instrument from the ac supply.
- Remove the covers as shown in 4.2.1 above. 2. 3.
- Short point k on the Printed Circuit board to chassis via a 1 ${
 m M}\Omega$ resistor and keep the short in place for

- about 1 minute to discharge any residual high voltage.
- Remove the INTENSITY and FOCUS knobs.
- 5. Remove the felt washers and the panel bearing the name TELEQUIPMENT.
- Remove the 4 screws fixing the plastic bezel surrounding the tube face and pull off the bezel and graticule.
- 7. Slide off the black section of the upper case by moving forward.
- Spring down the ends of the springy copper strip 8. above the tube and slide the strip out.
- 9. Pull off the tube base (at the rear of the tube) using the loop provided.
- 10. Loosen the screws holding the clamps which fix the rear tube screen to the plastic moulding and slide these clamps off.
- Slide the tube gently forward easing the mumetal past the lower support and chassis edge until the PDA cap is clear of the chassis.
- 12. Remove the PDA cap by pulling out and then slide the tube right out of the instrument.

4.2.3 **RE-FITTING CRT**

The procedure for re-fitting is the reverse of 4.2.2 above. Care must be taken in easing the front of the mumetal screen past the chassis edge, and in keeping the PDA cap clear of the chassis front.

4.2.4 REPLACING INTENSITY OR FOCUS CONTROLS

If it is required to replace either of these controls it is necessary to remove the C.R.T. as above to allow enough room to get to the extension spindles and fixing nuts.

4.3 CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

4.3.1 INITIAL SETTING

- Remove side covers, reference Para 4.2.1. Connect to a suitable A.C. power source and switch the instrument on.
- Set the front panel controls as follows:-

AC-DC-GND) GND VOLTS/DIV)CH1 & 0.01

POSITION) CH2 Mid-position TIME/DIV

1 ms Horizontal POSITION Mid-position, push in

TRIG LEVEL Mid-position, out (AUTO)

EXT-CH1-CH2 EXT AC-TV AC

FOCUS Adjust for well defined INTENSITY) low brilliance trace

SUPPLY LINE VOLTAGES (R668) 4.3.2

D.C. supply line voltages should normally lie within the prescribed limits when A.C. power source voltage coincides with the setting of the line voltage selector on the rear of the instrument.

The -7.5 V line is adjustable by means of R668. It should normally only require re-setting when TR637 has been replaced. If the movement of the trace is greater than 1 div when the mains voltage is adjusted to \pm 10% of nominal, use the following procedure:-

- Set the Test Meter to a range suitable for measuring 10 V d.c.
- 2. Connect the negative test lead to test point 67 and the positive test lead to chassis.
- 3. Set CH1 & CH2 AC-DC-GND to GND.
- Adjust R668 for a meter reading of 7.5 V approximately.
- 5. Re-check the trace movement for ± 10% variation.
- If the specification cannot be met, raise or lower the voltage setting which must remain within the limits of 7 V to 7.7 V.
- If R668 is altered, the Vertical Amplifier Balance procedures in 4.3.4 must be re-checked.

Supply Line	Test Point	Limits
− 7.5V	CH1 POSITION potentiometer violet-blue wire	−7.3V to −7.7V
+ 7.5V	CH1 POSITION potentiometer orange-white wire	+7.1V·to +7.9V
– 13V	Horizontal POSITION potentiometer mauve-white wire	-12.4V to -13.6V
+ 13V	Test Point 3	+11.9V to +12.1V
+ 80V	Test Point 22	+75V to +85V
+ 110V	Test Point 29	+107V to +117V
-1050V	Test Point 156/7	-1060V to -1160V
+25007	Test Point 156/K	+2400V to +2500V

4.3.3 ASTIGMATISM AND GEOMETRY (R305 and R307)

- Adjust FOCUS and R305 (Astigmatism) for best definition of display. Leave 10 kHz signal connected.
- 3. Set TIME/DIV to 1 ms.
- Select AUTO and ensure that no signal is connected to EXT.
- Set EXT-CH1-CH2 switch to EXT so that display becomes an unsynchronised raster.
- Adjust R307 so that the raster becomes as nearly as possible rectangular.
- 7. Disconnect 10 kHz signal.

4.3.4 VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

4.3.4.1 CHANNEL 1 VOLTS/DIV BALANCE (R604 and R608)

- Check that Channel 1 input switch is set to GND and VOLTS/DIV to 0.01.
- 2. Turn Channel 1 on, Channel 2 off.
- Connect test meter between test point C3 and chassis.
- Adjust R604 for zero reading. It should normally be necessary to adjust R604 only when TR601 has been replaced. After adjustment of R604, R613 must be checked and re-adjusted if necessary. See para 4.3.4.5. Disconnect test meter.
- Switch Channel 1 VOLTS/DIV between 0.01, 0.02 and 0.05 positions. Adjust R608 to eliminate vertical movement of the trace.

4.3.4.2 CHANNEL 1 POSITION BALANCE (R618)

- Connect test meter between Channel 1 POSITION potentiometer moving contact (red-blue wire) and chassis.
- 2. Adjust POSITION for zero reading.
- Adjust R618 to bring the trace to the centre of the screen.
- 4. Disconnect test meter.

4.3.4.3 CHANNEL 2 VOLTS/DIV BALANCE (R704 and R708)

 Check that Channel 2 input switch is set to GND and VOLTS/DIV to 0.01.

- 2. Turn Channel 2 on and Channel 1 off.
- Connect test meter between test point C33 and the chassis.
- 4. Adjust R704 for zero reading.

It should normally be necessary to adjust R704 only when TR701 has been replaced. After adjustment of R704, R713 must be checked and readjusted if necessary. See para 4.3.4.6.

- 5. Disconnect test meter.
- Switch Channel 2 VOLTS/DIV between 0.01, 0.02 and 0.05 positions. Adjust R708 to eliminate vertical movement of the trace.

4.3.4.4. CHANNEL 2 POSITION BALANCE (R718)

- Connect test meter between Channel 2 POSITION potentiometer moving contact (red-blue wire) and chassis.
- 2. Adjust POSITION for zero meter reading.
- Adjust R718 to bring the trace to the center of the screen.
- 4. Disconnect test meter.

4.3.4.5 CHANNEL 1 GAIN (R613)

- Set Channel 1 VOLTS/DIV to 0.01 and Amplitude Calibrator output to 50 mV.
- 2. Display Amplitude Calibrator output on Channel 1.
- 3. Adjust the amplitude of the display to exactly 5 divisions with R613.
- 4. Disconnect Amplitude Calibrator.

4.3.4.6 CHANNEL 2 GAIN (R713)

- Set Channel 2 VOLTS/DIV to 0.01 and Amplitude Calibrator output to 50 mV.
- 2. Display Amplitude Calibrator output on Channel 2.
- Adjust the amplitude of the display to exactly 5 divisions with R713.
- 4. Disconnect Amplitude Calibrator.

4.3.4.7 PULSE RESPONSE (C641, R671 and R653)

- Set both VOLTS/DIV to 0.01.
- Display a 1 MHz squarewave signal simultaneously on both channels. (Ensure that the co-axial cable connecting the signal to the instrument is correctly terminated).
- Adjust C641 and R671 to optimise squarewave response on both channels. If the response of the channels is not exactly the same, adjust for best compromise.
- Adjust R653 to minimize the change in squarewave response occurring when either POSITION control is adjusted.
- Disconnect squarewave signal.

4.3.4.8 ATTENUATORS (C902, C903, C904 and C905)

Channel 1 and Channel 2 attenuators and input selector circuits are electrically identical. Corresponding components in these parts of the two channels carry the same component references.

- 1. Set Channel 1 input switch to D.C.
- Display a 10 kHz squarewave of 0.5 V amplitude on Channel 1, using the 0.1 VOLTS/DIV position of the attenuator.
- Adjust C905 for the best response (square corner without overshoot or undershoot.
- Set Channel 1 attenuator to 1 VOLTS/DIV and increase the amplitude of the squarewave to 5V.
- 5. Adjust C904 for the best response.
- 6. Disconnect squarewave signal.
- Connect a X10 passive probe to the input of Channel 1.
- 8. Set the Channel 1 VOLTS/DIV to 0.01.
- Display a 1 kHz squarewave of 0.5 V amplitude via the probe.
- Adjust the probe compensation for the best squarewave response.
- Set VOLTS/DIV to 0.1 and increase the amplitude of the squarewave to 5 V.
- Without altering the probe compensation, adjust C903 for the best squarewave response.
- Set VOLTS/DIV to 1 and increase the amplitude of the squarewave to 50 V.
- 14. Adjust C902 for the best squarewave response.

- 15. Disconnect signal and probe.
- 16. Repeat Ops 1 to 15 for Channel 2.

4.3.5 HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER

4.3.5.1 OUTPUT STAGE BALANCE (R108 and R113)

- With TIME/DIV set to 2 ms display a 1 kHz signal (sinewave or squarewave) on Channel 1.
- Adjust the horizontal POSITION control to the point where the lefthand end of the trace does not move when the X5 switch is operated.
- Without re-adjusting the POSITION control, bring the lefthand end of the trace to the centre vertical graticule line by adjustment of R113.
- Position the trace centrally on the screen with the horizontal POSITION control.
- Adjust R108 for the best horizontal linearity at the right and lefthand extremities of the CRT screen.

4.3.5.2 PRE-AMPLIFIER BALANCE (R37, R49 and R80)

- 1. Set TIME/DIV to 2 ms.
- 2. Short tag C2 or the top lead of C20 to ground.
- 3. Set EXT-CH1-CH2 switch to EXT.
- Connect test meter between test point (H—) and Chassis (+).
- Adjust R49 so that the test meter reading is independent of the position of the ± switch.
- 6. Disconnect the test meter.
- 7. Set TIME/DIV to 1 ms.
- Adjust the lefthand end of the trace to the lefthand edge of the graticule by means of the POSITION control.
- Turn TIME/DIV to CH2 and bring the spot to the centre vertical graticule line by adjusting R80.
- 10. Set TIME/DIV to EXT X.
- 11. Bring the spot to the central graticule line by adjusting R37.

4.3.5.3 CHANNEL 2 HORIZONTAL GAIN (R104)

- 1. Set TIME/DIV to CH2.
- Set the output of the Amplitude Calibrator to 50 mV and connect to the input of Channel 2.
- Set Channel 1 input switch to GND and channel 2 input switch to A.C.
- 4. Set Chennal 2 VOLTS/DIV to 0.01.
- Set horizontal deflection to exactly 5 division with R104.
- 6. Disconnect Calibrator.

4.3.6 TRIGGER SWEEP

4.3.6.1 TRIGGER SENSITIVITY (R31)

- Set CH1 and CH2 VOLTS/DIV to 1 V and both channels on.
- Feed 0.5 V 50 Hz squarewave to both INPUTS.
- 3. Set both AC-DC-GND switches to DC.
- 4. Set TIME/DIV to 2 ms.
- Push TRIG LEVEL in with TRIG switches set to CH1 and +.
- 6. Adjust LEVEL for a triggered trace.
- Turn R31 anti-clockwise until multi-triggering takes place. Note setting of R31.
- 8. Remove the 50 Hz input signal.
- 9. Feed 0.25 V 10 kHz signal to both INPUTS.

- 10. Set TIME/DIV to 100 μ s.
- Turn R31 clockwise adjusting the LEVEL control if necessary to maintain triggering until a position is reached at which triggering can not be obtained or, the pot is fully clockwise. Note setting of R31.
- Adjust R31 to halfway between the two positions previously noted.
- 13. Remove the 10 kHz input signal.
- 14. Feed a 1 div amplitude to 10 MHz sinewave to CH1 and check that a locked trace can be obtained by adjustment of the LEVEL control on both +ve and -ve. If not turn R31 anticlockwise sufficient to obtain a locked trace but not as far as in 7 above.
- 15. Repeat 14 on CH2 both +ve and -ve.

4.3.6.2 SWEEP STABILITY (R74)

- Remove CAL signal.
- 2. Apply a 1 kHz signal.
- 3. Set TIME/DIV to 1 ms.
- 4. Bring the RH end of the trace on to the screen using the X POSITION control.
- Adjust R74 anticlockwise until the trace disappears noting the position of the end of the trace at that instant.
- Turn R74 clockwise until the timebase starts to free run again noting the position of the end of the trace.
- Re-adjust R74 to bring the RH end of the trace halfway between the two positions previously noted.

4.3.6.3 1ms/DIV SWEEP ACCURACY (R89)

This adjustment should not be performed until any necessary adjustments have been made to R104. See para. 4.3.5.3.

- 1. Set TIME/DIV to 1 ms.
- 2. Display 1 ms markers from the Time Marker Generator on Channel 1.
- Adjust R89 so that markers are exactly one major division apart over the centre 7 divisions. Leave Time Marker Generator connected.

4.3.6.4 SWEEP LENGTH (R77)

Adjust sweep length to 10.5 divisions with R77. Leave Time Marker Generator connected.

4.3.6.5 0.5 \mus/DIV SWEEP ACCURACY (C2)

- 1. Set Time Marker Generator to 0.5μ s.
- 2. Set TIME/DIV to 0.5 μ s.
- Adjust C2 (mounted on TIME/DIV switch) so that one marker occurs for each major division over the centre 8 divisions. (Alternatively, set Time Marker Generator to 1 μs and adjust for one marker every 2 divisions).
- 4. Disconnect Time Marker Generator.

4.3.7 INTERNAL CALIBRATOR (R405)

- 1. Set Channel 1 input switch to DC.
- 2. Set VOLTS/DIV switch to 0.1 V.
- Display a 0.5 1 kHz signal from the Amplitude Calibrator and adjust R613 for exactly 5 divisions vertical deflection.
- 4. Remove Amplitude Calibrator signal and connect the internal calibrator signal to Channel 1.
- Adjust the amplitude of the displayed signal to exactly 5 divisions with R405.

SECTION 5 COMPONENT LIST

Values of resistors are stated in ohms or multiples of ohms; ratings at 70° C are in watts or sub-multiples of watts. Values of capacitors are stated in sub-multiples of farads; ratings at 70° C are in volts or kilovolts.

Whenever possible, exact replacements for components should be used, although locally available alternatives may be satisfactory for standard components.

Any order for replacement parts should include:

- 1. Instrument type
- 2. Instrument serial number
- 3. Component circuit reference
- 4. Component part number
- 5. Component value

CIRCUIT REFERENCE BLOCKS

The table below gives the blocks of circuit references, so that the reader can relate the items listed in this chapter and their location in the circuitry and printed circuit boards in Section 6.

Circuit Reference		Circuit	Fig.
To Trig Input & Horizontal Amplifier Sweep Generator Time/Div Switch			
1	300)	Sweep Generator	3 4 2 3 4 and 6
301 401	400 600	CRT) Power Supply)	5
601	1000)	Volts/Div Switch CH1 - CH2 Input Stages Vertical Input Amplifier CH1 & CH2 Y Amplifier Volts/Div Switches	1 A 1 B 2 1A, 1B and 6

ABBREVIATIONS

вм	Button mica	CMP	Cermet preset	PS	Polystyrene
С	Carbon	E	Electrolytic	Se	Selenium
CP	Carbon preset	Ge	Germanium	Si	Silicon
CV	Carbon variable	MF	Metal Film	SM	Silver mica
CER	Ceramic	MO	Metal oxide	ww	Wire-wound
CT	Ceramic Trimmer	PE	Polyester	WWP	Wire-wound preset
CM	Cermet thick film	PP	Polypropylene	wwv	Wire-wound variable

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All requests for repairs or replacement parts should be directed to the Tektronix Field Office or representative in your area. This procedure will assure you the fastest possible service. In the UK enquiries should be made to Harpenden.

			DESC	RIPTIO	N	1				DESC	RIPTIO	N	
CIR REF	PART NUMBER	VALUE F	TYPE		RATIN V	G Eff. Ser.No.	CIR REF	PART NUMBER	VALUE F	TYPE		RATIN V	G Eff. Ser.No.
C1	285-0867-00	20 p 3 - 12p	PS CT	1 p	350 350	626451 626451	C409	290-0540-00	15 μ	Ε		450	
C2 C3	281-0732-00 285-0943-00	3 - 12p 1.0 μ	PC	1	63	020451	C411	290-0540-00	15 μ	E		450	
C4	285-1146-00	10 n	PS	•	63	627651	C412	290-0540-00	15 µ	Ē		450	
C5	285-1057-00	50 p	PS	1 p	350				•				
C6 C7	285-0791-00 285-0792-00	470 n 4.7 n	PE PE	10 20	125 125								
C/	265-0792-00	4.7 11	,,	20	125								
C20 C21	281-0696-00 285-0773-00	0.75 p 100 n	CER PE	0.1 p 20	500 400		C601 C602	285-1017-00 285-0850-00	10 n 1 n	PE PS	20 5	40 125	599101
			_				C603	285-0847-00	560 p	PS	5	125	
C23 C24	290-0780-00 281-0802-00	10 μ 6.8 p	E CER	0.25	25 p 400								
C29	285-0869-00	47 p	PS	2 p	350		C630 C631	285-0810-00 285-0854-00	820 p 100 p	PS PS	5 2 p	125 350	
C30	281-0710-00	10 n	CER	•	250		C632	285-1063-00	390 p	PS	5	160	
C31	285-0990-00 285-0854-00	1.0 μ 100 p	PE PS	2 -	160 350		C633 C634	285-1015-00 285-1063-00	4.7 n	PE	20 5	160 160	
C32	265-0654-00	100 р	rs	2 p	350		C635	285-0872-00	390 p 180 p	PS PS	2	350	
							C636	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250	
							C637	285-0854-00	100 p	PS	2 p	350	
C37	285-0982-00	82 p	PS	1 p	250		C638 C639	281-0678-00 285-0810-00	3р 820р	CER PS	0.1 p 5	500 125	
C38	290-0664-00	4.7 μ	E	٠, ٢	160		C640	281-0157-00	5.5-65.5 p	PP	J	500	
C39	285-0776-00	27 p	PS	1 p	350		C642	285-0872-00	100 p	PS	2	350	
041	205 0770 00	470 n	DE	20	100		C643	285-0915-00	100 n	PE	20	100	
C41	285-0779-00	470 h	PE	20	100	•	C644 C645	281-0678-00 290-0579-00	3 p 1 m	CER E	0.1 p	16	
C43	290-0625-00	4.7 μ	E		160		C646	290-0663-00	470 μ	Ē		10	
C44	285-0887-00	1.5 n	PS	5	125		C647	290-0627-00	22 μ	E		40	
C45 C46	281-0676-00 281-0710-00	2.2 p 10 n	CER	0.1 p	500 250		C648 C649	290-0663-00 285-0760-00	470 μ 33ο p	E PS	5	10 125	
C48	285-0866-00	10 p	PS	1 p	350		C652	285-0872-00	180 p	PS	2	350	
C49	281-0710-00	10 n	CER	•	250		C653	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250	
C50	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250		C654	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250	
C51 C52	281-0710-00 281-0734-00	10 n 100 n	CER CER		250 30								
C53	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250								
C54	285-0867-00	20 p	PS	1 p	350								
C55 C56	285-0869-00 290-0664-00	47 p 4.7 μ	PS E	2 p	350 160								
C57	281.0710-00	4.7 μ 10 n	CER		250								
C58	290-0669-00	330 µ	Ε		16								
C59	285-0915-00	100 n	PE	20	100		0704	205 4050 00	10 -	0.5	20	400	
C61	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250		C701 C702	285-1058-00 285-0850-00	10 n 1 n	PE PS	20 5	400 125	
C62	285-0915-00	100 n	PE	20	100		C703	285-0847-00	560 p	PS	5	125	
C63	285-1054-00	270 p	PS	1	350		C704	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250	
C64 C65	285-0869-00 281-0731-00	47 p 5.6 p	PS CER	2 p0	350 750								
COS	281-0731-00	5.0 р	CEN	0.5 p	750								
C301	281-0677-00	10 n	CER		2 k		C901 C902	285-0772-02 281-0745-00	100 n 4 p7	PE CER	10 0.5	400 400	727251 599101
C302	281-0710-00	10 n	CER		250		C903	281-0154-00	2-10 p	PPT		400	599101
C303 C304	281-0710-00 285-0788-00	10 n 100 n	CER PE	10	250 125		C904 C905	281-0154-00 281-0156-00	2-10 p 1p4-5p5	PPT PPT		400 400	599101 599101
000 /	200 0700 00				.20		C906 C907 C908	285-0869-00 281-0157-00 285-0870-00	47 p 5p5-65p 120 p	PS PPT PS	2 5 2	350 400 350 V	599101 599101 599101
C401 C402	281-812-00 290-0659-00	20 n 2.2/2.2 m	CER E		1.5 k 16	702521							
C403	290-0673-00	330 μ	E	20	160	604054							
C404 C405	281-0837-00 285-0874-00	20 n 470 p	CER PS	20 5	5 k 125	621251							
C406	290-0660-00	100 μ	E	-	100								
C407		•				621251							
C408	290-0673-00	330 μ	E		160		l						

CIR REF	PART NUMBER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	TYPE	TOL RATING
		-			
D24	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D25	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D26 D27	152-0062-01 152-0062-01	75 V 75 V	1N914 1N914	Si Si	50 mA
D27	152-0062-01	75 V 75 V	1N914 1N914	Si Si	50 mA 50 mA
D29	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D30	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D31	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D32	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D33	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	. Si	50 mA
D34	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D35	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D36	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D37	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D38	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D39	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si Si	50 mA
D40	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si C:	50 mA
D41	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si Si	50 mA
D42 D43	152-0062-01 152-0062-01	75 V 75 V	1N914 1N914	Si	50 mA 50 mA
D43	152-0062-01	75 V 75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D44 D45	152-0062-01	75 V 75 V	1N4148T	Si	50 mA
D45	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D40	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D48	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D49	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D50	152-0062-01		1N4148	Si	50 mA
D51	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D52	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D53	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D54	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D55	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D57	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D58	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D59	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D61	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D62	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si	50 mA
D301	152-0610-00	82 V	Zener	. Si	5 770 mW
D401 D402 D403 D404 D405 D406 D407 D408 D409	152-0566-00 152-0566-00 152-0566-00 152-0566-00 152-0339-00 152-0339-00 152-0567-00 152-0567-00	200 V 200 V 200 V 200 V 50 V 50 V 3 kV 3 kV	SD2 SD2 SD2 SD2 SD2 1N4001 1N4001 SCM30 SCM30 SCM30	Si Si Si Si Si Si Si Si	1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 500 mA 500 mA
D411 D412 D413	152-0062-01 152-0062-01 152-0062-01	75 V 75 V 75 V	1N914 1N914 1N914	Si Si Si	50 mA 50 mA 50 mA
D601 D602 D603	152-0483-00 152-0062-02 152-0062-02	10 V 65 V 75 V	C1104 1N4148T 1N4148T	Si Si Si	50 mA 50 mA 50 mA

	. %	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	VALUE	NUMBER	REF
50 mA		Si	1N914	75 V	152-0062-01	D631
50 mA		Si	1N914	75 V	152-0062-01	D632
50 mA		Si	1N914	75 V	152-0062-01	D633
50 mA		Si	1N914	75 V	152-0062-01	D634
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D635
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D636
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D637
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D638
50 mA		Si	1 N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D639
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D641
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D642
50 mA		Si	1N4448	75 V	152-0614-00	D643
330 mW	5	Si	Zener	7.5 V	152-0347-00	D644
50 mA		Si	1N914	75 V	152-0062-01	D645
50 mA		Si	1N914	75 V	152-0062-01	D646

TOL

RATING

D642	152-0614-00	/5 V	1114448	3 1		50 MA
D643	152-0614-00	75 V	1N4448	Si		50 mA
D644	152-0347-00	7.5 V	Zener	Si	5	330 mW
D645	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si		50 mA
D646	152-0062-01	75 V	1N914	Si		50 mA
D701	152-0483-00	10 V	C1104	Si		50 mA
D702	152-0062-02	75 V	1N4148T	Si		50 mA
D703	152-0062-02	75 V	1N4148T	Si		50 mA

CIR	PART				Eff.				DESCR	IPTION	
REF	NUMBER	VALUE	DESCR	IPTION	Ser. No.	CIR	PART	VALUE			RATING
						REF	NUMBER	Ohms	TYPE	%	W
FB21	276-0597-00		Ferrite t	bead FX11	5						
FB22	276-0597-00		Ferrite l	bead FX11	5	R22	317-0473-01	47 k	С	5	125 m
FB23	276-0597-00		Ferrite l	bead FX11		R23	317-0914-01	910 k	С	5	125 m
FB301	276-0597-00			bead FX11		R24	317-0154-01	150 k	С	5	125 m
FB302	276-0597-00		Ferrite b	bead FX11	5	R25	317-0332-01	3.3 k	С	5	125 m
FS401	159-0077-00	250 mA	Fuse De	elay 1.25"	200-240V	R26	317-0433-01	43 k	С	5	125 m
or	159-0079-00	500 mA	Fuse De	elay 1.25"	100-120V	R27	317-0332-01	3.3 k	С	5	125 m
						R28	317-0392-01	3.9 k	С	5	125 m
						R29	317-0162-01	1.6 k	С	5	125 m
L21	108-0483-00	16 μΗ	Fixed In	nductor		R30	317-0561-01	560 k	С	5	125 m
L22	108-0780-00	53 μH	Fixed In	nductor		R31	311-1503-00	100	С	20	75 m
		•				R32	317-0333-01	33 k	С	5	125 m
L631	108-0482-00	160 μH	Fixed In	nductor		R34	317-0682-01	6.8 k	С	5	125 m
L632	108-0482-00	160 µH	Fixed In	nductor		R35	317-0392-01	3.9 k	С	5	125 m
						R36	317-0103-01	10 k	С	5	125 m
			DESCR	IPTION		R37	311-1858-00	100 k	CP	20	75 m
CIR	PART	VALUE		TOL R	ATING	R38	317-0330-01	33	С	5	125 m
REF	NUMBER	Ohms	TYPE	%	w						
R1	325-0175-00	2.37M	MF	1	1	R41	317-0561-01	560	С	5	125 m
R2	325-0174-00	787 K	MF	1	500 m	R42	317-0680-01	68	С	5	125 m
R3	325-0173-00	392 k	MF	1	250 m					5	
R4	325-0172-00	237 k	MF	1	250 m	R44	317-0682-01	6.8 k	С	5	125 m
R5	325-0171-00	78.7 k	MF	1	250 m						
R6	325-0171-00	78.7 k	MF	1	250 m	R46	317-0221-00	220	С	5	125 m
						R48	317-0183-01	18 k	С	5	125 m
						R49	311-1512-00	22 k	CP	20	75 m
R19	317-0334-01	330 k	С	5	125 m						
R20	317-0354-01	150 k	č	5	125 m	R51	317-0103-01	10 k	С	5	125 m
R21	311-1734-00	47 k	čv	20	150 m	R52	317-0512-01	5.1 k	С	5	125 m

CIR

PART

DESCRIPTION				1				DESCRIPTION					
CIR	PART	VALUE		TOL	RATING		CIR	PART	VALUE			RATING	
REF	NUMBER	Ohms	TYPE	%	W	Ser.No.	REF	NUMBER	Ohms	TYPE	%	W	Ser.No.
DEO	217 0602 04	6.8 k	С	5	125 m		R131	317-0822-01	8.2 k	С	5	125 m	
R53 R54	317-0 68 2-01 317-0393-01	6.8 K 39 k	c	5 5	125 m 125 m		R132	317-0622-01	12 k	C	5	125 m	
R55	317-0682-01	6.8 k	č	5	125 m		R133	317-0684-01	680 k	č	5	125 m	
R56	317-0183-01	18 k	č	5	125 m		R134	317-0822-01	8.2 k	Č	5	125 m	
R57	317-0822-01	8.2 k	Č	5	125 m		R135	317-0332-01	3.3 k	Č	5	125 m	
R58	317-0273-01	27 k	C	5	125 m		R136	317-0333-01	33 k	С	5	125 m	
R59	317-0512-01	5.1 k	С	5	125 m		R137	317-0393-01	39 k	С	5	125 m	
R60	317-0100-01	10	С	5	125 m		R138	317-0823-01	82 k	С	5	125 m	
R61	317-0332-01	3.3 k	С	. 5	125 m		R139	317-0104-01	100 k	С	5	125 m	
R62	317-0243-01	24 k	C	5	125 m								
R63	317-0104-01	100 k	C	5	125 m								
R64	317-0222-01	2.2 k	С	5	125 m								
R65	317-0123-01	12 k 18 k	C	5 5	125 m 125 m								
R66 R67	317-0183-01 303-0113-01	10 K	C	5	125 111		R301	311-1020-00	1 M	cv	20	250 m	
R68	321-0306-48	15 k	MF	1	125 m		R302	316-0155-01	1.5 M	c	10	250 m	
R69	311-1525-00	22 k	CV	20	250 m		R303	311-1516-00	1 M	čv	20	250 m	
R70	317-0470-01	47	c	5	125 m		R304	317-0394-01	390 k	Ċ	5	125 m	
	017 017001	• •	•	•			R305	311-1514-00	220 k	СP	20	75 m	
R72	317-0302-01	3 k	С	5	125 m		R306	317-0105-01	1 M	С	5	125 m	
R73	317-0203-01	20 k	С	5	125 m		R307	311-1514-00	220 k	CP	20	75 m	
R74	311-1510-00	10 k	CP	20	75 m		R308	316-0106-01	10 M	С	10	250 m	
R75	317-0123-01	12 k	С	5	125 m		R309	315-0222-01	2.2 k	С	5	250 m	
R76	317-0222-01	2.2 k	С	5	125 m								
R77	311-1510-00	10 k	CP	20	75 m								
R78	317-0103-01	10 k	С	5	125 m								
R79	315-0393-02	39 k	С	5	250 m					_	_	405	
R80	311-1511-00	15 k	CP	20	75 m		R400	317-0273-01	27 k	С	5	125 m	
R81	317-0102-01	1 k	C	5	125 m		R401	316-0273-01	27 k	C	10 5	250 m	
R82	321-1257-48	4.7 k	MF	1	125 m		R402	317-0103-01	10 k	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m	
R83	317-0183-01	18 k	C	5 5	125 m		R403 R404	317-0220-01 321-1325-48	22 24 k	MF	1	125 m	
R84	317-0153-01 317-0332-01	15 k 3.3 k	C C	5	125 m 125 m		R405	311-1510-00	10 k	CP	20	75 m	
R85 R86	317-0332-01	3.3 K 10 k	C	5	125 m		R406	301-0201-01	200	C	5	500 m	
R87	317-0103-01	330 k	Ċ	5	125 m		R407	308-0753-00	620	ώw	5	3	
R88	317-0534-01	5.1 k	č	5	125 m		R408	317-0222-01	2.2 k	C	5	125 m	
R89	311-1512-00	22 k	СP	20	75 m			0., 0222 0.		_	_		
R90	317-0151-01	150	Č.	5	125 m								
R91	317-0432-01	4.3 k	Ċ	5	125 m								
R92	307-0143-00	5.6 k	MO	5	1.5								
R93	315-0122-02	1.2 k	С	5	250 m								
R94	317-0431-01	430	С	5	125 m		R601	325-0200-00	1 M	MF	1	250 m	599101
R95	317-0274-01	270 k	С	5	125 m		R602	317-0104-01	100 k	C	5	125 m	
R96	317-0224-01	220 k	C	5	125 m		R603	317-0101-01	100	C	5	125 m	500404
R97	317-0822-01	8.2 k	C	5	125 m		R604	311-1877-00	150	CMP	20	1 W	599101
R98	317-0101-01	100	C	5	125 m		R605	317-0132-01	1.3 k	С	5	125 m	
R99	317-0203-01	20 k	С	5	125 m								
R101	317-0471-01	470	С	5	125 m		R608	311-1455-00	10 k	СР	20	50 m	599101
R102	317-0564-01	560 k	Č	5	125 m								
R104	311-1505-00	220	CP	20	75 m		R611	317-0562-00	5.6 k	С	5	125 m	
R105	301-0203-01	20 k	С	5	500 m		R612	317-0432-01	4.3 k	С	5	125 m	
							R613	311-1509-00	4.7 k	CO	20	75 m	
R107	315-0122-02	1.2 k	С	5	250 m		R614	317-0123-01	12 k	С	5	125 m	
R108	311-1507-00	1 k	CP	20	75 m		R615	317-0223-01	22 k	С	5	125 m	
R109	307-0143-00	5.6 k	МО	5	1.5		R616	317-0223-01	22 k	С	5	125 m	
			_	_	500		R617	317-0181-01	180	C	5 20	125 m	
R111	301-0223-01	22 k	С	5	500 m		R618	311-1512-00	22 k	CP CV	20	75 m 250 m	599101
R112	317-0561-01	560	C	5 20	125 m		R619	311-1911-00	22 k	CV	20	250 111	599101
R113	311-1532-00	330 47 k	CP	20 5	75 m 125 m		R621	317-0223-01	22 k	С	5	125 m	
R114 R115	317-0473-01 317-0103-01	47 K 10 k	C C	5	125 m		N021	317-0223-01	22 K	U		125 111	
R116	317-0103-01	22 k	Č	5	125 m								
R117	317-0223-01	390	č	5	125 m								
R118	317-0391-01	12 k	Č	5	125 m								
R119	317-0120-01	10	č	5	125 m		R630	317-0471-01	470R	CF	5	125 m	711101
R120	317-0183-01	18 k	č	5	125 m		R631	317-0471-01	180 k	С	5	125 m	
R121	317-0434-01	430 k	č	5	125 m		R632	317-0103-01	10 k	С	5	125 m	
R122	317-0564-01	560 k	Ċ	5	125 m		R633	317-0223-01	22 k	С	5	125 m	
R123	317-0303-01	30 k	С	5	125 m		R634		20 k	С	5	125 m	
R124	317-0562-01	5.6 k	С	5	125 m		R635	317-0331-01	330	C	5	125 m	
R125	317-0100-01	10	С	5	125 m		R636	317-0103-01	10 k	C	5	250 m	
R126	317-0100-01	10	C	5	125 m		R637	317-0122-01	1.2 k	C	5	125 m	
R127	317-0203-01	20 k	С	5	125 m	702524	R638	317-0123-01	12 k	C	5	125 m	
R128	316-0335-04	3.3 M	С	10	250 m	702521	R639	317-0203-01	20 k	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m	
R129	317-0104-01	100 k	C	5	125 m		R640 R641	317-0681-01 317-0331-01	680 330	C	5 5	125 m	
R130	317-0154-01	150 k	С	5	125 m		1 1041	317-0331-01	550	C	5	123 111	

2/78 5/5

			DESC	RIPTIO	N		•			DESCRIPTION	
CIR	PART	VALUE		TOL	RATING		CIR	PART	VALUE	TYPE TOL RATING	
REF	NUMBER	Ohms		%	W	Ser.No.	REF	NUMBER	Ohms	% W	Ser.No.
R642	317-0184-01	180 k	С	5	125 m		S1	260-1535-00		Rotary Time/Div	
R643	317-0103-01	10 k	C	5	125 m						
R644 R645	317-0223-01 317-0302-01	22 k 3 k	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m						
11045	317-0302-01	J K	C	5	123 111						
R647	315-0103-01	10 k	С	5	250 m						
R648	315-0103-01	10 k	C	5	250 m		000	000 4007 04		011 EVE 0114 0110	
R649	307-0407-00	1.3 k	МО	5	1.5		S20 S21	260-1307-01 260-1307-01		Slide EXT-CH1-CH2 Slide + —	
R651	315-0911-01	910	С	5	250 m		S22	260-1307-01		Slide AC – TV	
R652	317-0560-01	56	С	5	125 m		S23	with R69		Push-Pull X1 - X5	
R653	311-1507-00	1 k	CP	20	75 m		S24	with R21		Push-Pull AUTO	
R654 R655	317-0330-01 307-0407-00	33 1.3 k	C MO	5 5	125 m 1.5						
R656	315-0911-01	910	C	5	250 m						
R657	317-0682-01	6.8 k	С	5	125 m						
R658 R659	317-0683-01 315-0181-01	68 k 180	C C	5 5	125 m 250 m		S401	with R301		Power On/Off	
11000	313-0101-01	100	C	3	250 111		3401	With N301		rower On/On	
R661	315-0103-01	10 k	С	5	250 m						
R663	317-0162-01	1.6 k	С	5	125 m						
R664	317-0302-01	3 k	Ċ	5	125 m						
R665	317-0271-01	270	С	5	125 m		S631	with R719		Rotary CH2 - Off	
R666 R667	317-0752-01 317-0682-01	7.5 k 6.8 k	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m		S632	with R619		Rotary CH1 — Off	
R668	311-1508-00	2.2 k	CP	20	75 m						
R669	317-0681-01	680	C	5	125 m						
D674	211 1522 00	330	OD.	20	75						
R671 R672	311-1532-00 317-0274-01	330 270 k	CP C	20 5	75 m 125 m		*\$901	260-1307-01		Slide AC GND DC	
R673	317-0123-01	12 k	č	5	125 m		*S902	260-1858-00		Rotary Volts/Div	620201
R674	317-0274-01	270 k	С	5	125 m					•	
							SK21	131-1654-00		Socket Ext X TRIG	
R702	317-0104-01	100 k	С	5	125 m	599101	SK22	136-0542-00		Socket Probe Test	
R702	317-0101-01	100 K	Ċ	5	125 m						
R704	311-1504-00	150	CP	20	75 m						
R705	317-0132-01	1.3 k	С	5	125 m						
							SK 301	136-0542-00		Socket Z Mod	
R708	311-1510-00	10 k	CP	20	75 m		38301	130-0542-00		Socket Z Mod	
D711	217 0562 04	E C I.	•	_	105						
R711 R712	317-0562-01 317-0432-01	5.6 k 4.3 k	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m						
R713	311-1509-00	4.7 k	CP	20	75 m		SK401	136-0541-03		Volt Selector	718101
R714	317-0123-01	12 k	С	5	125 m		SK402	136-0542-00		CAL 0.5 V PP	
R715	317-0223-01	22 k	С	5	125 m						
R716 R717	317-0223-01 317-0181-01	22 k 180	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m						
R718	311-1512-00	22 k	СP	20	75 m						
R719	311-1526-01	22 k	CV	20	250 m	620201					
D721	217 0222 01	22.1	•	_	105		1	131-1654-00		Socket Input	
R721 R722	317-0223-01 317-0223-01	22 k 22 k	C C	5 5	125 m 125 m		-5K902	136-0542-00		Socket Gnd.	
				-							
							T401	120-1018-00		Transformer (Power)	
*0000	247.0400.04	10	•	_	405						
*R900 *R901	317-0180-01 325-0205-00	18 990 k	C MF	5 1	125 m 250 m	599101					
*R902	325-0205-00	900 k	MF	i	250 m	599101					
*R903	325-0208-00	111 k	MF	i	100 m	599101					
*R904	325-0206-00	10.1 k	MF	1	100 m	599101	TH20	307-1081-00	4.7 k	VA1109 500 m	
*R905	325-0141-00	162	MF	1	250 m		TH21	307-0408-00	50 Ω	VA1034 20 500 m	
*R906 *R907	321-0843-48 321-0101-48	270 110	MF MF	1 1	125 m 125 m						
*R908	317-0750-01	75	C	5	125 m						
*R909	317-0622-01	6.2 k	č	5	125 m						
*0044	207 0000 00	3 -	_	_	46-			007 0 100 00	50 O	V40004.00 ====	
*R911	307-0382-00 *T	7.5 wo per instru	C ment (Ch	5 11 and	125 m		т ТН631	307-0408-00	50 Ω	VA2034 20 500 m	

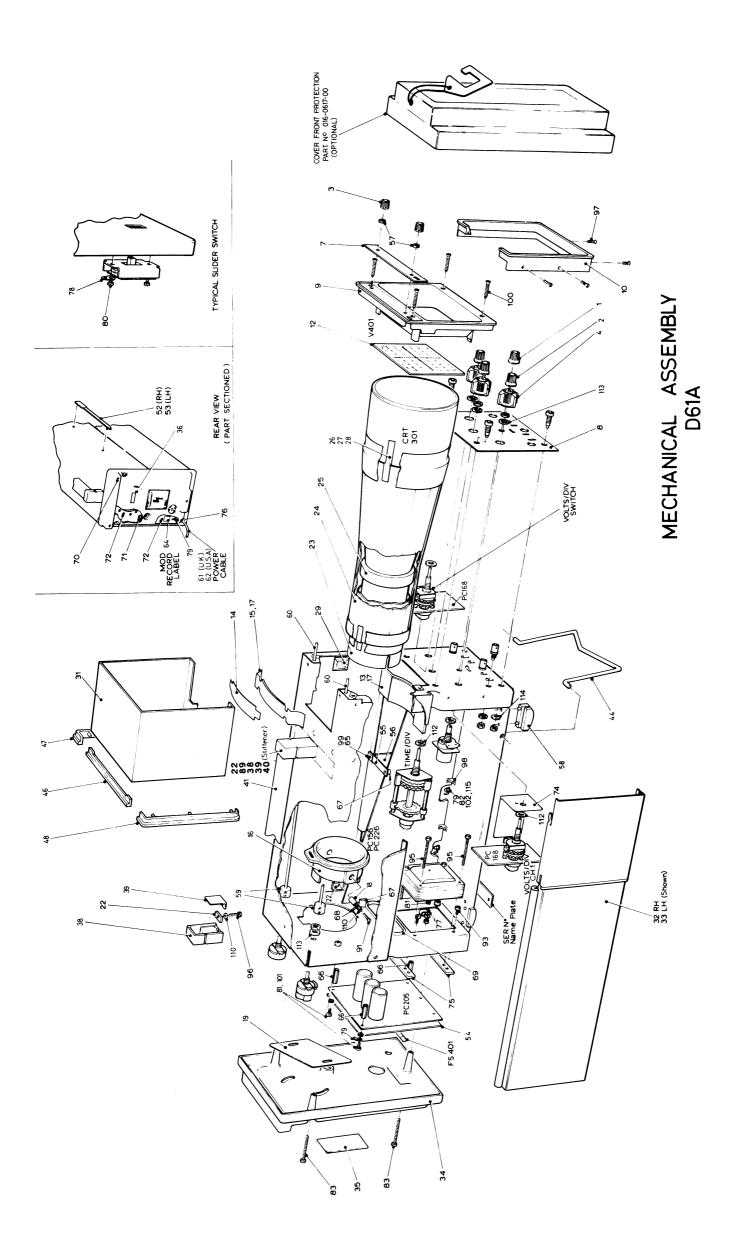
*Two per instrument (CH1 and CH2)

CIR REF	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Eff. TYPE Ser. No.
TR21 TR22 TR23 TR24 TR25 TR26	151-0127-02 151-0320-00 151-0317-01 151-0320-00 151-0326-01 151-0320-00	BSX20 MPS6518 BC109C MPS6518 BC107 MPS6518	Si Si Si Si Si	NPN PNP NPN PNP NPN PNP
TR27 TR28 TR29 TR30 TR31 TR32 TR33	151-0326-01 151-0525-00 151-0326-01 151-0326-01 151-0242-00 151-0326-01 151-0257-03	BC107 FRB749 BC107 BC107 2N3904 BC107 FRB749	Si Si Si Si Si Si Si	NRN NPN NPN NPN NPN NPN
TR34 TR35 TR36 TR37 TR38 TR39	151-0237-03 151-0320-00 151-0326-01 151-1076-01 151-0525-00 151-0320-01 151-0317-01	MPS6518 BC107 F.E.T. TEL. SPEC FRB749K MPS6518 BC109C	Si Si Si Si Si Si	PNP NPN N.Channel PNP NPN NPN
TR601 TR602 TR603 TR604	151-1076-00 151-0326-01 151-0317-01 151-0326-01	F.E.T. TEL. SPEC. BC107 BC109C BC107	Si Si Si Si	N.Channel NPN NPN NPN NPN
TR631 TR632 TR633 TR634 TR635 TR636 TR637	151-0320-00 151-0320-00 151-0127-02 151-0310-00 151-0310-00 151-0127-02 151-0401-00	MPS6518 MPS6518 BSX20 TEL. SPEC TEL. SPEC BSX20 BC263C	Si Si Si Si Si Si	PNP PNP NPN NPN NPN NPN PNP
TR701 TR702 TR703 TR704	151-1076-00 151-0326-01 151-0317-01 151-0326-01	F.E.T. TEL. SPEC BC107 BC109C BC107	Si Si Si Si	N.Channel NPN NPN NPN NPN
√301	154-0693-00 or 154-0693-01	CRT G.E.C. Type 1324Y P31 CRT G.E.C. Type 1346Y P7		
V30 2	150-0105-00	Lamp Neon — Hivac 34L		620251
V401	150-0178-00	Lamp Neon Power On		

MECHANICAL PARTS

For the positions of the Mechanical Parts see the exploded drawing opposite

tem	Part Number	Description	Eff. Ser. No.	Item	Part Number	Description	Eff. Ser. N
			30111101	-			351.14
1	366-1636-00	Knob Assembly		58	348-0483-00	Foot	
2	366-1665-01	Knob Assembly			(376-0177-00	Coupling	
3	366-1657-02	Knob Assembly		59	(213-0248-00	Screw M3 x 3mm(2)	
4	366-1663-01	Knob Assembly		60	384-1142-19	Extension shaft	
				61	161-0059-01	Power Cable (UK)	
				62	161-0051-01	Power Cable (USA)	
7	333-2117-03	Front Panel (upper)					
8	333-2118-03	Front Panel (lower)		64	334-2752-00	Mod record label	
•	200-1926-01	Front Bezel (upper)		65	220-0727-00	Spire clip	
)	200-1927-01	Front Bezel (lower)		66	385-0196-00	Spacer 6 BA x 11/16"	
				67	129-0189-00	Post	
2	331-0407-01	Graticule (blue)		68	210-0297-01	Solder tag 4 BA	
or	331-0407-03	Graticule (amber for P7 tube)		69	252-0610-00	PVC insulation (8½")	
3	386-3482-01	CRT Front support		70	348-0489-00	Ring grommet	
		••		71	348-0162-00	Grommet 3/8" ID	
i	344-0293-00	Spring clamp for CRT		72	348-0161-00	Grommet 5/32" ID	
;	386-3488-02	CRT support shield (rear)		. =	2.23.01.00		
'	252-0675-00	Foam brushed nylon		74	337-1834-01	Shield (electrical)	
	385-0220-03	Spacer		75	381-0369-01	Bar — Transformer mounting	
	200-1995-00	Guard		76	348-0488-00	Grommet 5/16" ID	ig
	200-1333-00	Guard					
				77 70	343-0180-00	Cable cleat	
	000 0040 04	0		78 70	210-0318-00	Solder Tag, 8 BA	
	220-0813-01	Special nut		79	210-0297-00	Solder Tag, 6 BA	
}	337-2280-02	CRT gun shield		80	213-0448-00	Screw 8 BA x CH HD x 1/4	
	337-1835-00	CRT shield		81	213-0393-00	Screw 6 BA PAN HD x 1/4	
	348-0487-00	Ring grommet		82	213-0394-00	Screw 6 BA PAN HD x 5/1	
i	258-0456-00	Copper strip (4")		83	213-0688-00	Screw 6 BA PAN HD x 1¼'	,
	252-0608-00	Foam Rubber (18")					
}	253-0108-00	PVC Tape (100 ')					
)	348-0458-01	CRT buffer					
	101-0029-02	Trim top		89	213-0456-00	Screw 4 BA PAN HD x 5/8'	, 624
?	390-0533-01	Cabinet side (RH)				J	
3	390-0535-01	Cabinet side (LH)		91	213-0593-00	Screw 4 BA HEX HD x 1/2	,,
	390-0509-01	Cabinet Rear		92	213-0602-01	Screw 4 BA HEX HD x 3/4	
	334-2668-00	Rear label		93	213-0495-01	Screw 2 BA PAN HD x 1/4	
	334-2968-00	Warning market Ident.		94	213-0540-01	Screw 2 BA PAN HD x 1%	
	343-0609-02	Handle end		95	213-0550-01	Screw 2 BA PAN HD x 2"	
	343-0609-00	Bracket		96	213-0602-01	Screw 4 BA HEX HD x 3/4	,,
	407-1768-00	Bracket (plain)		97	213-0356-00	Screw Self Tap No 2 CSK H	
)	386-3628-00	Plate handle end	624951	98	213-0388-00	Screw 4 BA PAN HD x 1/4	
,	367-0217-01	Handle	623601	99	213-0381-00	Screw 4 BA PAN HD x 1/4 Screw Self Tap No 6 PAN H	
	307-0217-01	Handle	02300 I	100	213-0329-00	Screw Self Tap No 6 CSK F	
				101		• • • • • •	1U X 3/4
	240 0504 00	Film second			210-1208-00	Washer 6 BA crinkle	
ŀ	348-0504-00	Flip stand		102	210-1210-00	Washer 6 BA shakeproof	
	101 0027 00	Trim Ton Moulding		103	210-1209-00	Washer 6 BA plain	
•	101-0037-00	Trim Top Moulding		104	210-1223-00	Washer 6 BA spring	
	101-0038-00	Trim Top R/H Moulding					
	101-0039-00	Trim Top L/H Moulding					
	334-2669-01	Name plate (R hand)		110	210-1222-00	Washer 4 BA spring	
3	334-2670-01	Name plate (L hand)					
	200-2040-01	Cover, electrical		112	210-3051-00	Washer 3/8" ID plain	
	386-3489-00	Support strap		113	210-3051-00	Washer 3/8" ID shakeproof	:
	300-3 40 3-00	• •					
5	342-0323-01	Insulator cover		114	210-1238-00	Washer 5/16" ID shakeproof	

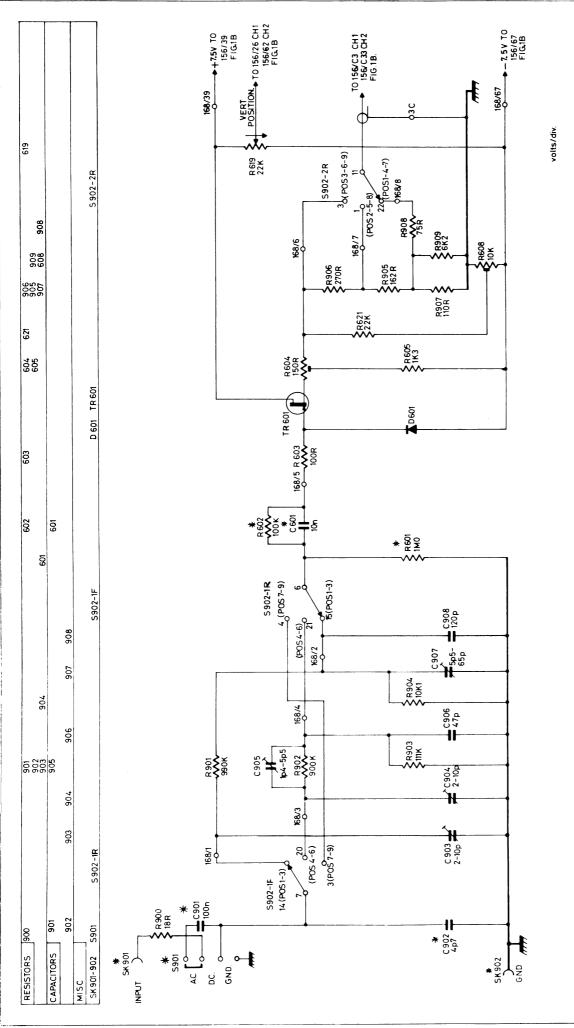


SECTION 6 CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

To minimise the risk of misinterpretation of component values on circuit diagrams, the decimal point has been replaced by the multiplier or sub-multiplier of the basic unit. For instance, 2.2 megohms is shown as 2M2 and 1.8 picofarads is shown as 1p8.

To aid the reader further, in addition to the block Circuit Reference Table in Section 5.1, to locate a component in the circuit diagrams, a table is provided at the top, in which the circuit reference will appear, where practicable, directly above the component being sought.

10/75

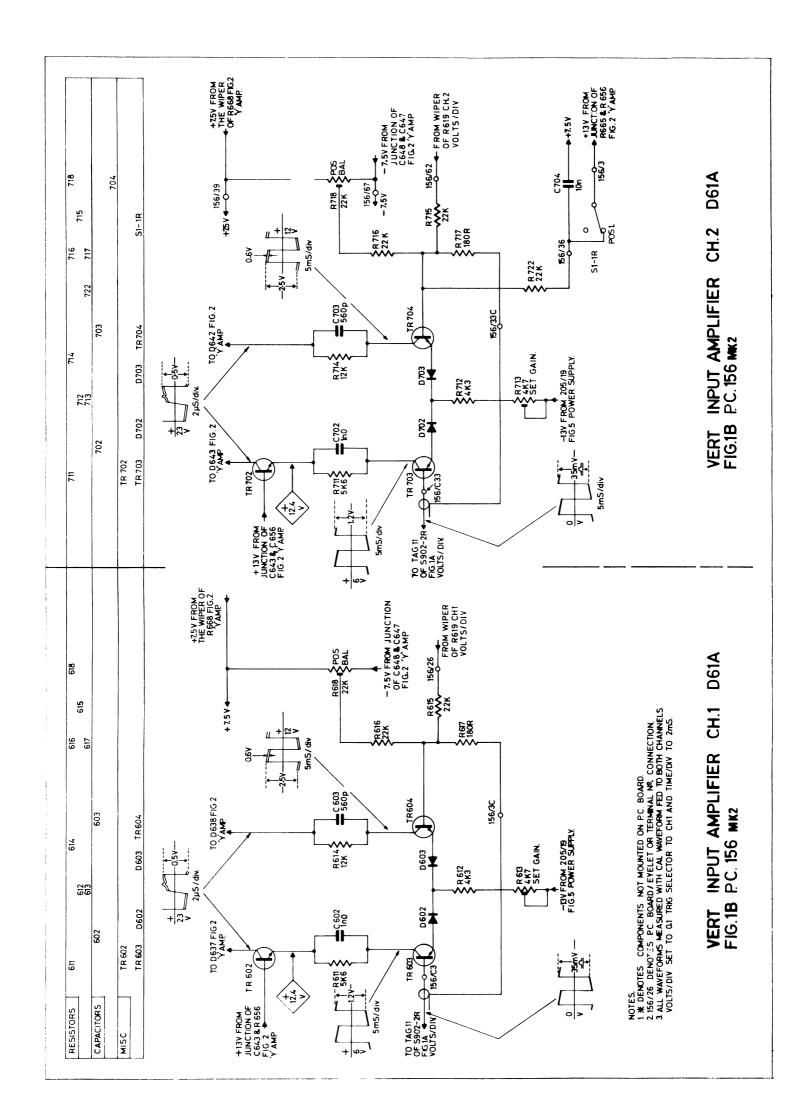


VOLTS / DIV SWITCH CH1-CH2 INPUT STAGES PC.168 ™ D61A, FIG.1A. MK2

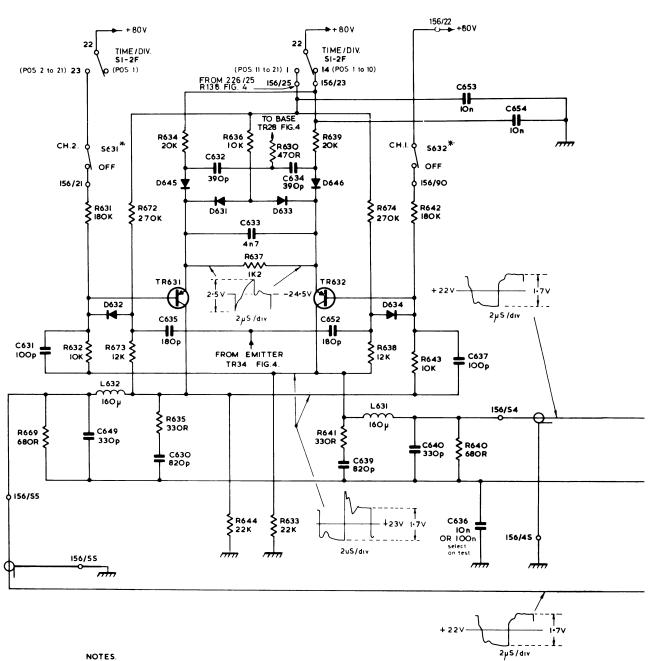
1 168/1 DENOTES PC BOARD/EVELET OR TERMINAL Nº CONNECTION.
2 * DENOTES COMPONENTS NOT MOUNTED ON PC BOARD.
3 SWITCH IS SHOWN IN FULLY ANTICLOCKWISE POSITION.

2 Somv 2 Somv 5 Somv 5 Somv 5 Somv 5 Somv 5 Somv 6 Somv 6

FRONT PANEL MARKING.

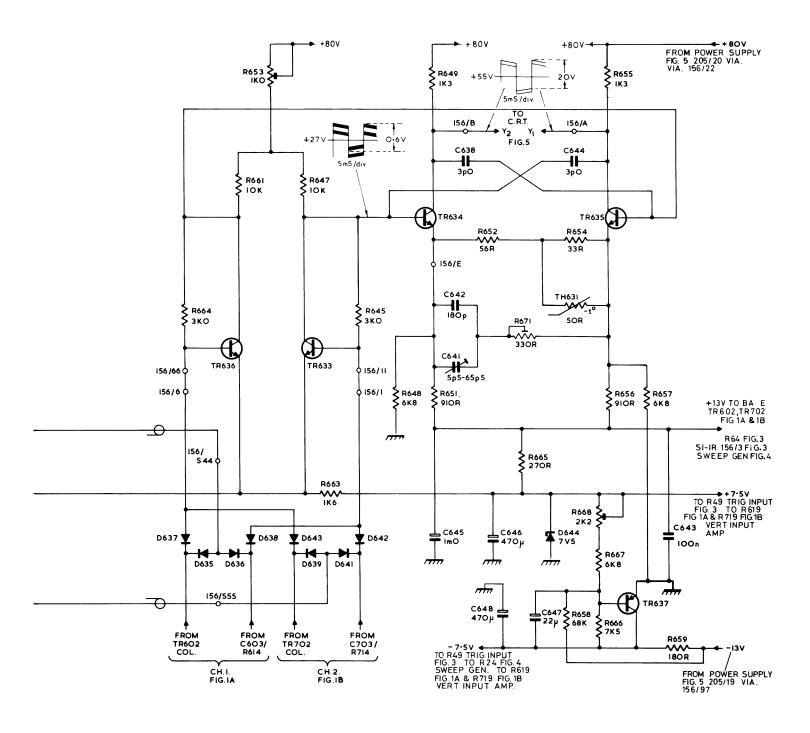


RESISTORS	669	63I 632	672 63 673 635	644	636 637	633 630	639 641	674 638	642 643	640		
CAPACITORS	631	649	63O 635	632	633	634	652 639	-	640	637 653 636	654	
MISC.		L632 SI-2F S631 D632				D633	TR632 51-2F D646	L63I D63	14 5632			



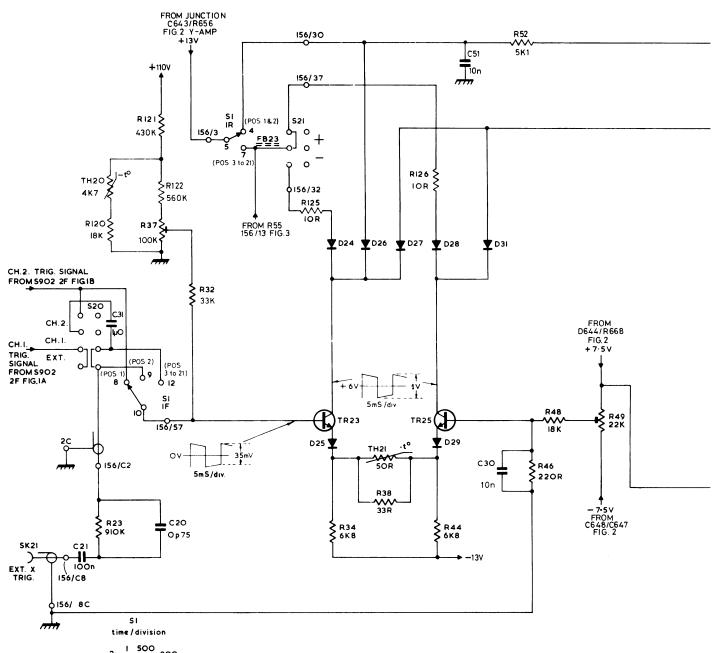
- I. * DENOTES COMPONENTS NOT MOUNTED ON P.C. BOARD.
- 2. I56/5S DENCTES P.C. BOARD/EYELET OR TERMINAL No. CONNECTION.
- 3 ALL WAVEFORMS MEASURED WITH CAL WAVEFORM FED TO BOTH CHANNELS VOLTS / DIV SET TO 0-1 TRIG SELECTOR TO CH.1 AND TIME / DIV TO 2 mS.

664	661 653	6 4 7 6 6		648	649 651		652	67I. 665	654 658	655 656 668 667 666	657	659
					645	638		647	644			
						642	646					
						641	64	18			(543
	TR636	TR633			TR634				TH63	I TR635		
D635	D638	D643	D641								637	
D637	D636	D639	D642						644			



'Y' AMPLIFIER - D6IA FIG. 2.

RESISTORS	23	37 32		34	38 44	46 48	49
	120	121 1 2 2		125	126	52	
CAPACITORS		20			51		
21	31					30	
MISC.	TH20		FB23	TR23 D24	TH2I TR25 D26 D27 D28	D31	
SK2I	S2 0	SI-IF	SI-IR	S2I D25	D29		

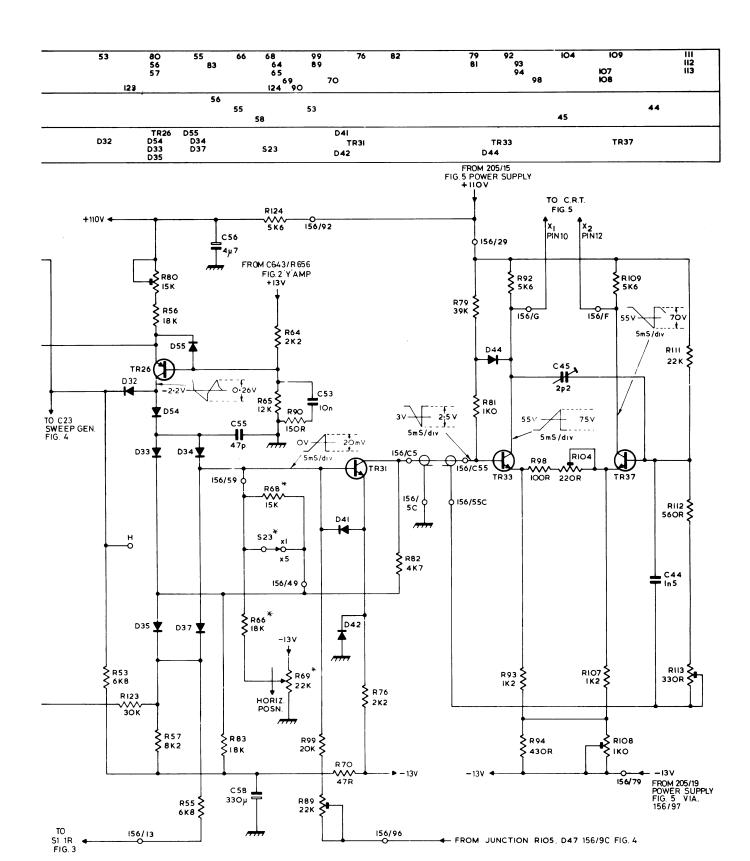


200 D 200 PS 100 PS 100

FRONT PANEL MARKING

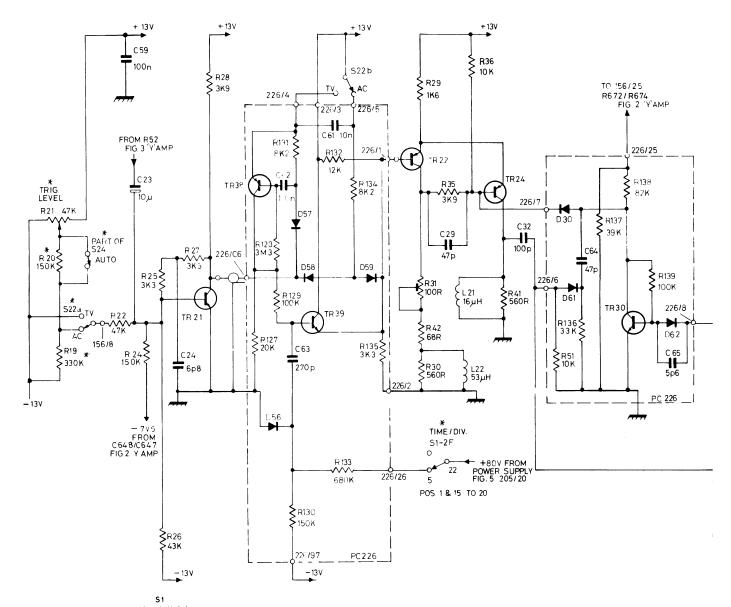
NOTES.

- I. * DENOTES COMPONENTS NOT MOUNTED ON P.C. BOARD.
- 2. 156/C8 DENOTES P.C. BOARD/EYELET OR TERMINAL No.CONNECTION
- 3. SWITCH SHOWN IN FULLY ANTI-CLOCKWISE POSITION.
- 4. FOR SI SWITCH WAFERS SEE FIG.6.
- 5. ALL WAVEFORMS MEASURED WITH CAL WAVEFORM FED TO BOTH CHANNELS VOLTS/DIV. TO O·I TRIG SELECTOR TO CH.I AND TIME/DIV TO 2mS.



TRIG INPUT & HORIZONTAL AMP D61A FIG. 3.

21 19 20	22 24 25 26		127 128 130 129 131	132 134 13 ¹ 133	5 29 35 3 31 42 30	36 41	51 136 137	138 139
CAPACITORS	59 23	24	62 63	61	29	32	64	65
MISC. \$24 \$22a		TR21	TR 38 D57	TR39 S22b 58 D59	TR22 L21 S1-2F L22	TR24	D30 D61	TR30 D62

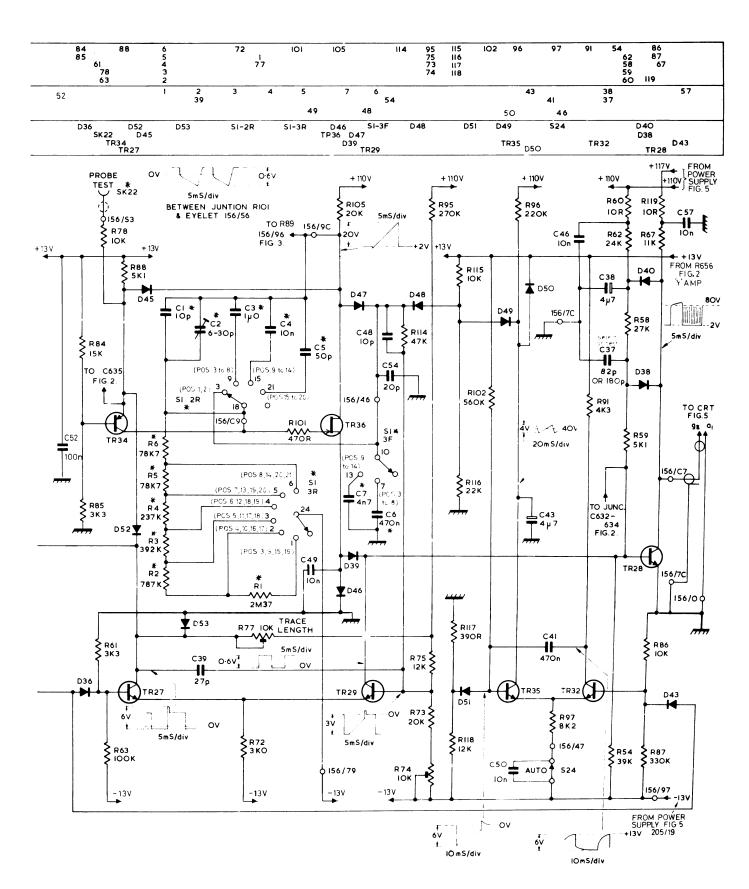


S1 time/division | 500 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100

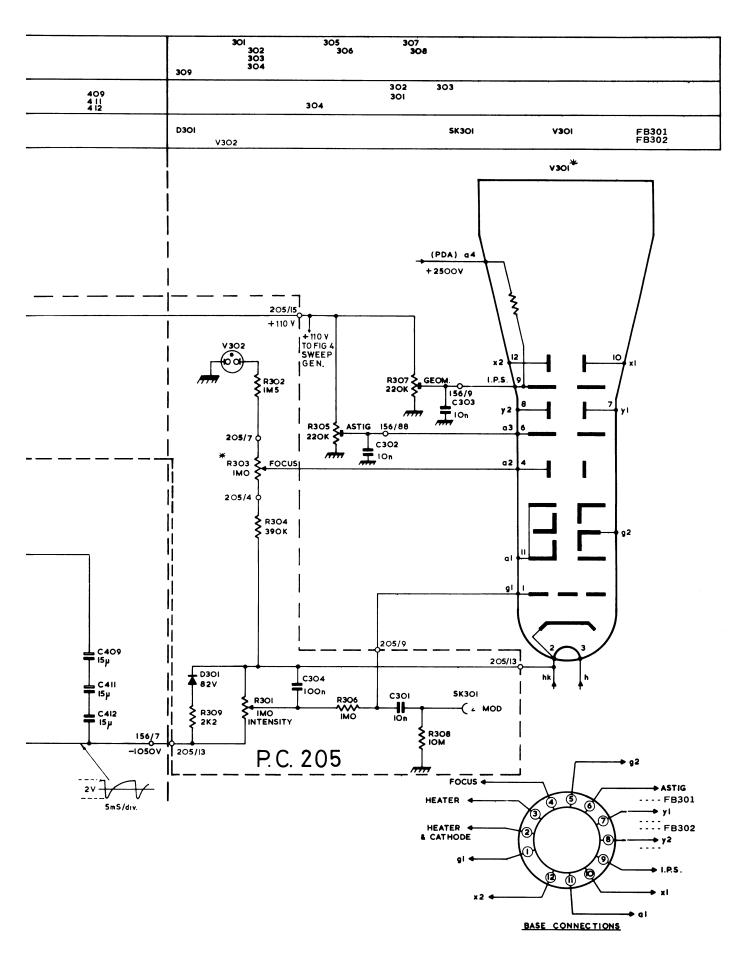
FRONT PANEL MARKING

NOTES

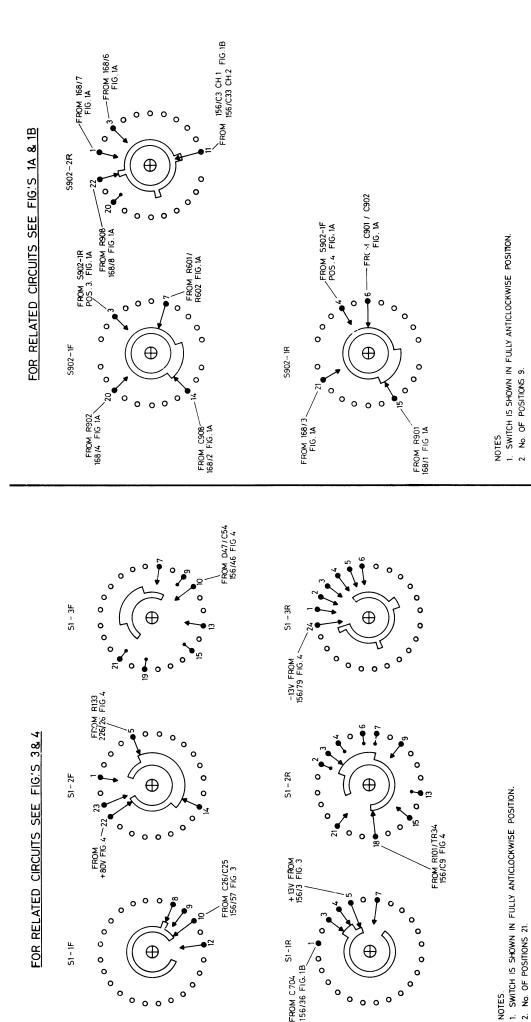
- I. * DENOTES COMPONENTS NOT MOUNTED ON P.C. BOARD.
- 2. 156/6C DENOTES P.C. BOARD/EYELET OR TERMINAL No. CONN.
- 3. SWITCH SHOWN IN FULLY ANTI-CLOCKWISE POSITION.
- 4. FOR SI SWITCH WAFERS SEE FIG. 6.
- 5. ALL WAVEFORMS MEASURED WITH CAL. WAVEFORM FED TO BOTH CHANNELS, VOLTS/DIV. SET TO 0-1, AND TRIG. SELECTOR TO CH.I. AND TIME/DIV. TO 2mS.
- 6. PUSH PULL SWITCH \$24 IS SHOWN IN THE OUT POSITION



SWEEP GENERATOR D61A FIG. 4.



POWER SUPPLY & C.R.T. — D6IA FIG. 5



-• / 0 0

0 0

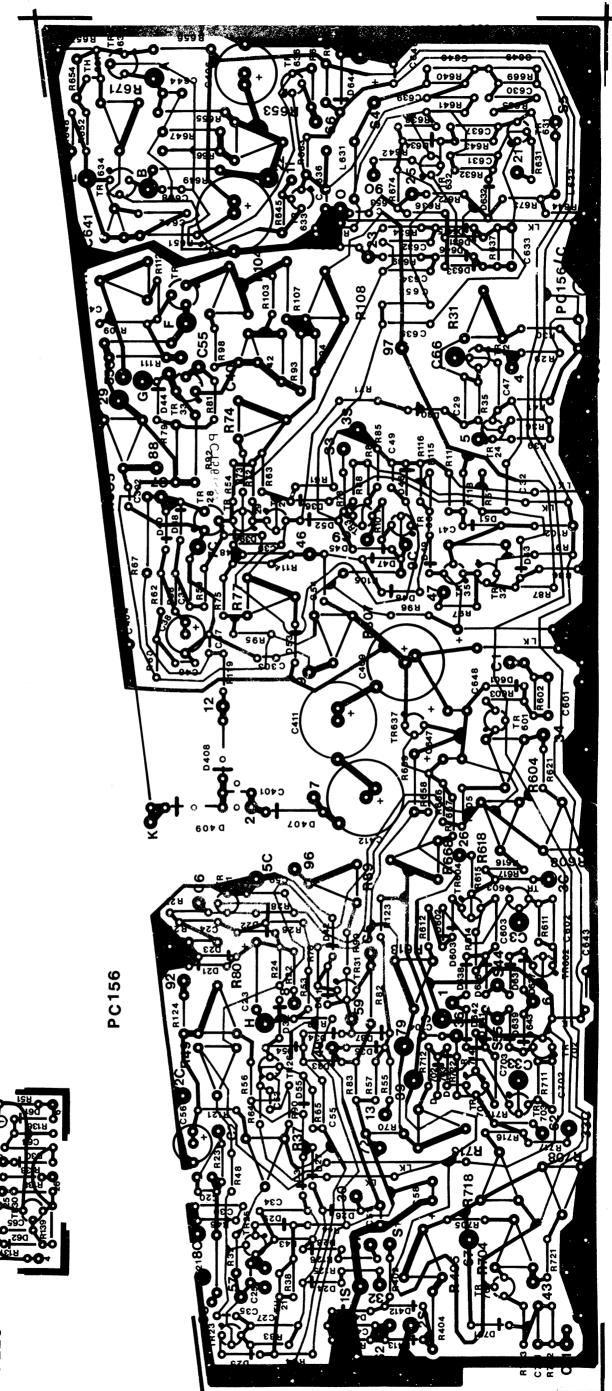
FROM C 704 S1-1R 156/36 FIG. 1B

S1-1F

0 0 0 TIME/DIV. SWITCH D61A

VOLTS/DIV. SWITCH-MK 2

FIG. 6



PC 226

SECTION 7 STANDARD OPTIONS

If the standard D61A instrument to which this Manual applies has been supplied with one or more of the Standard Options listed below, the appropriate technical data must be used in conjunction with the standard manual information.

Option 1 BNC Sockets for CH1 & CH2 inputs replaced by 4mm round black sockets (Par Number 136-0542-00)

Option 4 P7 CRT (Part Number 154-0693-01) fitted in place of standard P11 tube.

Option 6 For operation on 115V line voltage and fitted with USA power cord (Part Number 161-0051-00).

MANUAL AMENDMENT LIST Page 1 of 1 Manual Pt. No. 070-2019-00

INSTRUMENT TYPE D61A	ISSUE NO. 6	AMENDMENT LIST 2	DATE ₅₋₇₋₇₈						
Desc	Description of Amendment								
(1) Page 5/2 Fig. 5 C4Ol - CHANGE to read	281-0817-00 20n		702521						
(2) Page 5/4 FS401 - CHANGE to read FS401 - CHANGE to read			Manual Correction						
(3) Page 5/5 R619 - CHANGE to read	311-1526-01		Manual Correction						
(4) Page 5/6 R104 - CHANGE to read R708 - CHANGE to read			Manual Correction						
			Manual Correction						